Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Town of Manchester Connecticut

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023



Office of the Director of Finance

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

of the

Town of Manchester Connecticut

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Department of Finance Kimberly Lord Director of Finance

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

INTRODUCTORY SECTION **LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL** I GFOA CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL **REPORTING** VII GENERAL GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART VIII LISTING OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS IX **FINANCIAL SECTION** INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT 1 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS EXHIBITS GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** STATEMENT OF NET POSITION 17 ı STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Ш 18 **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** 19 **BALANCE SHEET** Ш STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND **CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES** IV 21 **PROPRIETARY FUNDS** STATEMENT OF NET POSITION 23 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION VI 25 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS VII 26 FIDUCIARY FUNDS

VIII

29

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION	IX	30
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		31
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION		
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND	RSI-1	93
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION		94
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – POST-RETIREMENT MEDICAL PROGRAM	RSI-2	95
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS – POST- RETIREMENT MEDICAL PROGRAM	RSI-3	96
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS – POST- RETIREMENT MEDICAL PROGRAM	RSI-4	97
SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY – TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN	RSI-5	98
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN	RSI-6	99
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS – PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN	RSI-7	100
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS – PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN	RSI-8	101
SCHEDULE THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM	RSI-9	102
SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	RSI-10	103
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS – MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	RSI-11	104

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SUPPLEMENTAL, COMBINING, AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND		
REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR	A-1	107
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET	B-1	110
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	B-2	113
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – FIRE DISTRICT FUND	B-3	116
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS		
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	C-1	119
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION	C-2	120
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	C-3	121
STATISTICAL SECTION	TABI 50	
	TABLES	
FINANCIAL TRENDS		
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT	1	124
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	2	125
FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3	127
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4	128
REVENUE CAPACITY		
ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY	E 5	129
PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS	6	130
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES	7	131
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS	8	132
DEDT OADAOITY		

DEBT CAPACITY

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE	9	133
SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION	10	134
RATIOS OF NET DIRECT AND TOTAL OVERALL NET DEBT	11	135
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION	12	136
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS		
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS	13	137
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS	14	138
OPERATING INFORMATION		
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY		
FUNCTION/PROGRAM	15	139
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM	16	140
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM	17	141





Town of Manchester

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DIRECTORS
ED BOLAND
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JESSEE MUNIZ POLAND
ZACHARY REICHELT
DENNIS SCHAIN

January 24, 2024

Mr. Steve Stephanou, Town Manager Town of Manchester 41 Center Street Manchester, Connecticut

KASIA PURCIELLO. ASSISTANT TOWN MANAGER

STEVE STEPHANOU, TOWN MANAGER

Dear Mr. Stephanou:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Town of Manchester for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, is submitted herewith.

The Town's Finance Department prepared this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation rests with the Town. The Town believes that the presented data are accurate in all material aspects, that the data fairly set forth the financial position and the results of operations of the Town as measured by financial activity of its various funds, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to understand the Town's financial affairs have been included.

The Town is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), as well as the Connecticut Single Audit Act. Information related to these single audits, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and State financial assistance, findings and recommendations, and auditors' reports on the internal control over financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are issued under separate cover and are not included in this report. Copies of the reports are on file in the Town Clerk's office, and on the Town's website.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Town of Manchester Government

The Town of Manchester is an independent full-service town. The Town is a political subdivision of the State of Connecticut and is autonomous from any county, town, or other political subdivision of the State of Connecticut. The Town was incorporated in 1823, and in 1947 adopted a Council-Manager form of government. The legislative function is performed by the nine-member Board of Directors, which is elected biennially. The Board of Directors formulates policies for the administration of the Town. The Town Manager is appointed by the Board of Directors to serve as the Town's Chief Executive Officer with appointive and removal authority over department directors and other employees of the Town.

The Town Manager is responsible for the implementation of policies established by the Board of Directors. An elected nine-member Board of Education appoints a Superintendent of Schools, who administers the education system of the Town.

The Town is located in central Connecticut and is approximately ten miles east of the City of Hartford, the State capital. The Town is also bordered by the towns of East Hartford, South Windsor, Vernon, Bolton, and Glastonbury. It is approximately eighty-five miles southwest of Boston and 115 miles northeast of New York City. The Town encompasses 27.2 square miles and has a population of 59,461 people.

The Town provides a comprehensive range of municipal services including education, human services, public safety (including full-time paid fire and emergency medical rescue services), public works, recreation, library, landfill, water and sewer, cultural and historic activities, transportation, environmental, and planning.

Local Economic Condition and Outlook

Manchester is a thriving small city and the business, residential and service hub of the Greater Hartford region east of the Connecticut River. A community of over 59,000 people, Manchester has achieved a diverse mix in terms of demographics, housing, land use, income, and economy. Projected to be the largest community in the region outside of Hartford by 2025, Manchester has a range of housing types and prices, an eclectic mix of residential neighborhoods and a median age of thirty-seven, much lower than the region and Connecticut as a whole.

Manchester has a variety of commercial and mixed-use districts, and neighborhood, community, and regional shopping destinations. The historic central business district is within walking distance of the redevelopment area and is transitioning to a strong office, restaurant, arts and culture, niche retail and service destination. Additionally, Manchester is a center of industrial activity including aerospace and medical related precision manufacturing, warehousing, and distribution businesses. The Buckland Hills District at the far north side of town is a superregional commercial area with over 3 million square feet of retail and entertainment uses, dozens of restaurants, and hundreds of hotel rooms.

A full range of services, amenities and institutions complement these strengths. Residents and visitors have access to thousands of acres of park, watershed, and open space land. Manchester Memorial Hospital is a full-service, 249 bed, acute care facility which serves as a healthcare destination for the region and employs hundreds of residents. Manchester Community College is the largest of Connecticut's community colleges, serving over 15,000 students annually at a modern and highly accessible campus.

Manchester has a superior locational advantage along Interstates I-84, I-384 and I-291. Ten miles east of Connecticut's capital city of Hartford, mid-way between New York and Boston, Manchester is a major regional destination and a desirable place to live, work and recreate. Local transportation infrastructure includes hundreds of miles of local roads, local and express bus service routes, CTFastrak bus rapid transit service, and freight rail, Bradley International Airport and miles of sidewalks, multi-use paths and hiking trails including the East Coast Greenway, Case Mountain Recreation Area, and Hockanum River Linear Park system.

Major Initiatives

The Town of Manchester is committed to maintaining and improving infrastructure and services as guided by several master plans approved by the town's legislative body, with funding provided by a combination of bonding, operating transfers, and grants:

- The Eighth Utilities Fire and Sewer District merged with the Town of Manchester effective July 1, 2023. Following several public meetings outlining the proposed service model, on February 1, 2023, voters of Eighth Utilities District formally voted to merge with the Town of Manchester. After the District vote, the Town's Board of Directors approved the merger agreement. With the unification of the town fire departments and merging of sewer and administrative programs, the Town demonstrated a commitment to providing high quality services to all town residents in the most efficient and effective manner.
- SMARTR2 (Phase II of the Elementary School Renewal Plan) continued. During FY23, Construction was substantially completed at Bowers School, becoming the second net-zero school in the Manchester. Construction began on Keeney School, the final school to be renovated as new under SMARTR2. All three renovated schools will be re-built as net-zero sustainable buildings, and a project labor agreement has been added for Bowers and Keeney school projects to address equity goals within the Town. In the SMARTR 2 plan, three elementary schools will be renovated as new, and three decommissioned elementary schools will be re-purposed.
- Manchester Next, the Town of Manchester's comprehensive Plan of Conservation and Development was adopted in 2023.
- In November of 2022, Manchester voters approved the funding to build a new main library at 1041 Main Street and the Board of Directors established the Library Building Committee dedicated to the planning and oversight of the project.#The town plans to create a 21st-century public library that serves as a vibrant hub for learning, culture, and connection, and as a repository of knowledge and information, enhancing the public library's pivotal role in the Manchester community.
- The Downtown Manchester Improvements project seeks to transform the Main Street corridor between Center Street and Hartford Road into an accessible, vibrant, and equitable Complete Street through a comprehensive design that includes traffic and pedestrian/bicycle safety improvements, additional public gathering spaces, and enhanced streetscape complemented with strategic private development.

Long-Term Financial Planning and Polices

During FY23, the Town expanded services, and continued with the ongoing recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic. Federal funding, including American Rescue Plan Act and Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief funds, were appropriated to a variety of projects to ensure an equitable recovery for all residents. The Town responded to this unprecedented arrival of federal funding by developing long-term budget and expenditure plans to leverage the federal aid in sustainable way, which will help those in our community most affected by the pandemic. By focusing on transformative infrastructure projects, direct aid to residents, businesses and non-profit agencies, Manchester will ensure it can meet the needs of the community for many years to come, as the Town moves from pandemic recovery to long-term resiliency and prosperity.

The Town continued the practice of using fund balance to support, among other items, funding for property tax appeals, payments for accrued leave to employees and various capital related items that could potentially require funding. In FY23, planned use of designated fund balance, including a transfer to the Storm Emergency Fund, allowed the Town to address vital needs while keeping the fund balance within the fund balance policy range of 10-15 % of annual revenues.

The Town participates in tax agreements/ abatements as disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. A tax abatement is an agreement between a local government and a property owner to exempt part of the taxes owed in return for improvements to the property. Tax abatements reduce the cost to property owners of new development. This can help new businesses move to the region or help existing businesses expand. In return, the local government gets increased property values that will raise the tax base and, possibly, provide new jobs.

Manchester has dealt with budgetary uncertainty at the State level by budgeting for use of reserves, which mitigates the impact of this uncertainty on taxpayers. The town will continue to respond to economic issues with a thoughtful approach, by continuously monitoring staffing and expenditures, and building upon its substantial commercial tax base with business-friendly policies.

Budgeting and Accounting

The Board of Directors adopts both an annual operating and a six-year capital budget in accordance with Chapter V of the Town Charter. Chapter V sets out the procedures and practices used during consideration of both the capital and operating budgets.

The operating budget is legally enacted at the category level, but as a management tool budgeting control is maintained at the object of expenditure level. This is achieved through the use of a full encumbrance system which encumbers appropriations upon the issuance of a purchase order. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as a reservation of fund balance and the available budget is carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The Town's accounting system is organized on a fund basis. Each fund is a distinct self-balancing accounting entity. The various funds utilized by the Town of Manchester are further described in Note 1 of the Notes to the financial statements.

The following governmental funds are appropriated annually by the Board of Directors: General Fund; Downtown Special Services Fund; Police Private Duty Fund; Workspace Fund; Park and Recreation Activity Fund. The following proprietary funds are appropriated annually by the Board of Directors: Water Fund; Sewer Fund; Sanitation Fund, Information Systems Fund, and the Manchester Self-Insurance Fund.

The budget is integrated into the accounting system, and as presented in the financial statements for all funds with annual budgets, compares expenditures with amended budgets. The Town's accounting records for governmental and expendable trust funds are maintained on a modified accrual basis with revenues being recorded when measurable and available, and expenditures being recorded when the services or goods are received and accepted, and the liability is incurred. The accrual basis of accounting is used for proprietary, and certain fiduciary funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not recorded as expenditures as defined by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and are excluded from liabilities.

Accounting and Internal Control

The accounting system of the Town of Manchester is dependent on a strong foundation of internal accounting controls to ensure that financial information generated is both accurate and reliable. As such, the Town places a great deal of emphasis on the continuing development and monitoring of its system of internal control.

In conjunction with this goal, internal controls are designed to reasonably safeguard the Town's assets, check the accuracy and reliability of accounting data, promote operational efficiency, and encourage adherence to prescribed managerial policies. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes the fact that the cost of controls should not exceed the benefits derived and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires management to make estimates and judgments.

All internal control evaluations operate within the above framework. The relationship of internal control to basic management responsibilities emphasizes the interaction of the accounting system with all other management control systems. We believe the Town's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

General Fund Undesignated and Unreserved Fund Balance

General Fund Undesignated Unreserved Fund Balance (budgetary non-GAAP basis) represents that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation. When evaluating an entity's credit, the rating agencies generally look for this amount to be 10% to 20% of locally generated revenues. Management, in conjunction with the legislative body, approved a fund balance policy in June 2019 to maintain undesignated reserves of 10% to 15% of annual revenues. The following table shows the Town's operating results and unassigned fund balance position for the past five years:

	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23
Revenue (000's)	187,002	189,648	207,686	191,714	202,367
Expenditures	183,644	186,762	201,774	194,430	198,466
Operating Results	2,264	2,245	3,747	(3,277)	3,901
Unassigned FB	21,476	23,916	26,665	23,179	25,536
Percent of Revenue	11.49	12.61	13.06	12.09	12.61

Other Information

The Town Charter requires in Chapter V, Section 5-26:

Independent auditor. Within ninety (90) days after taking office after each biennial election, the Board of Directors shall, by majority vote of all its members, designate an auditor or auditors, who shall be a certified public accountant or accountants, to audit the books and financial affairs of the Town government in accordance with the provisions of the General Statutes. The auditor or auditors so designated shall be designated based on their qualifications and experience in municipal audits and shall serve until the third Monday in November in the next odd-numbered year following their appointment.

In FY20, the Town solicited proposals from qualified auditing firms to provide audit services for the twoyear period FY2022 to FY2023 with the option to renew for two additional two-year terms. The firm of CliftonLarsonAllen LLP was selected as the Town's independent auditors for the initial two-year period.

The Town's audit includes an audit of all federal grants in accordance with the Single Audit Act and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), which provides that all state and local governments which receive more than \$750,000 in federal financial assistance must have a federal single audit for the fiscal year. The federal single audit consists of a financial audit, an internal control review, and a compliance audit. The federal single audit is in lieu of any financial and compliance audit requirement by any federal agency. The auditors' reports for the internal control review and compliance audit have been furnished separately to the Town.

The Town's FY23 audit includes an audit of all state financial assistance in compliance with the State Single Audit Act pursuant to CGS Section 4-230 to 236, inclusive (Chapter 55b). Each municipality receiving more than \$100,000 in combined state and federal financial assistance must have a state single audit. An audit conducted in accordance with sections 4-230 to 4-236 inclusive shall be in lieu of any financial or financial and compliance audit of an individual state assistance program. The auditors' reports for the internal control review and compliance audit have been furnished separately to the Town.

Award

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Manchester for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such ACFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The Town of Manchester has received the Certificate of Achievement each fiscal year since 1995. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the effort and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report though requires a particularly intense effort from all the Accounting Division staff. I would like to express my appreciation to the Accounting Team:

Heather Boudreaux, Senior Accountant, Susan Alaimo, Accountant, Laura LaBrecque, Payroll Manager, Jennifer Dudzik, Senior Account Associate, April Marchigiano, Senior Account Associate, and Amy McCrystal, Administrative Assistant.

While this ACFR is the result of the diligent efforts of Town staff, it would not be possible without the ongoing support of the Board of Directors, Board of Education, and Town Manager.

Respectfully submitted,

Lunbuly Horl

Kimberly Lord, CPFO Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

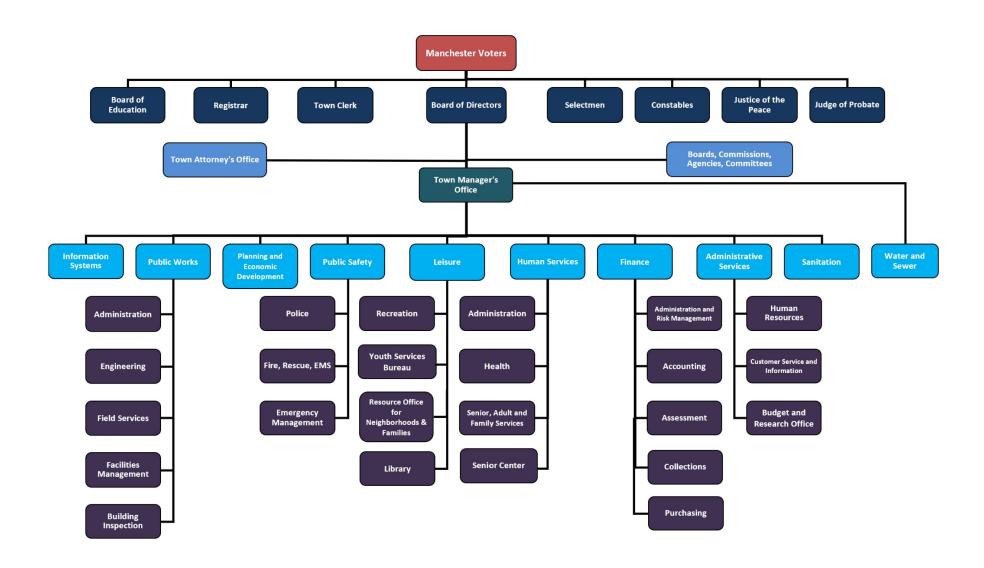
Town of Manchester Connecticut

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christophe P. Morrill
Executive Director/CEO

TOWN OF MANCHESTER ORGANIZATION CHART



TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT

LISTING OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Board of Directors

Jay Moran, Mayor Sarah Jones

Tim BerginJacqueline CrespanPamela Floyd- CranfordZachary ReicheltJessee Muniz-PolandPeter Conyers

Dennis Schain

General Government Appointed Officials

Town Manager Steve Stephanou
Deputy Town Manager Kasia Purciello

Town Clerk Darryl. E. Thames, Sr.

Town Attorney Ryan Barry Director of Finance Kimberly Lord Chief of Police William Darby Fire Chief **Daniel French** Director of Planning Gary Anderson **Budget Director Brian Wolverton** Director of Information Systems Karen Freund Director of Public Works Tim Bockus Water and Sewer Administrator Pat Kearney

Library Director Doug McDonough

Director of Leisure, Family and Recreation

Director of Communication

Director of Human Resources

Director of Human Services

Chris Silver

Brianna Smith

Tricia Catania

Joel Cox

Board of Education

Chris Pattacini, Chair Richard Kohls
Peter Meggers Elizabeth Mix
Kwasi Ntem-Mensah Michael Orsene
Heather Doucette David Eisenthal

Tracy Patterson

Board of Education Appointed Officials

Superintendent of Schools Matthew Geary
Deputy Superintendent Amy Radikas
Asst. Supt. Human Capital Iris Gomero
Asst. Supt. Finance Karen Clancy





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors
Town of Manchester, Connecticut

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Manchester, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Manchester, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Manchester, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Manchester, Connecticut and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Manchester, Connecticut's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Manchester, Connecticut's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Town of Manchester, Connecticut's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Manchester, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The supplemental combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the supplemental combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 24, 2024, on our consideration of the Town of Manchester, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Manchester, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Manchester, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

West Hartford, Connecticut January 24, 2024

This discussion and analysis of the Town of Manchester, Connecticut's (the Town) financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Please read this Management Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the Town's financial statements, Exhibits I to IX.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Town's net position increased by \$16.3 million as a result of this year's operations. Net position of the business-type activities decreased by \$11.3 million, due to an increase in landfill closure liability and inflationary pressures. Net position of the governmental activities increased by \$27.7 million. The post-employment health care (OPEB) long term liability increased by \$2.9 million but the resulting deferred inflows are amortized over eight years, minimizing the impact to net position. The Pension Trust fund saw an increase in net position of \$14.1 million due to investment earnings. The overall increase in net position is attributed to better-than-expected investment and grant revenues and expenditure savings due to a mild winter and personnel vacancies. Overall net position was impacted by deferred inflows of State grant payments for school construction.
- During the year, the Town's governmental funds had expenses that were \$33.6 million more than the \$292 million generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs. This was primarily caused by school construction expense and deferred inflows of grants.
- In the Town's business-type activity funds, revenues were \$30.3 million, and expenses were \$30.8 million for an operating loss of \$581 thousand. Non-operating expenses and transfers and a change in the estimate for landfill closure costs, led to a \$11.3 million decrease in net position.
- Total cost of all the Town's programs was \$325 million.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$33.27 million, an increase of \$3.5 million. The increase in fund balance is attributed to increases in investment income and grants and expenditure savings.
- Expenditures were kept within spending limits.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities (Exhibits I and II, respectively) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits III to IX. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the Town as a whole begins on Exhibits I and II. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in them. The Town's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the Town. The town's net position was restated for GASB No. 75 (OPEB liability) in 2017, which caused a significant decrease in net position due to reporting of OPEB as a long-term liability. Due to structural changes in OPEB benefits, the town's OPEB liability has decreased by \$182 million since FY20.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, we divide the Town into two types of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the Town's basic services are reported here, including education, public safety, public works, human services, leisure services, employee benefits and general administration. Property taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-Type Activities The Town charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Town's Water Fund, Sewer Fund and Sanitation Fund are reported here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit III and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the Board of Directors establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes (such as the Special Taxing District - Downtown Special Services Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (such as grants received and recorded in the COVID Fund, Education Special Grants Fund, and the Community Development Block Grant Fund). The Town's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

- Governmental Funds (Exhibits III and IV) Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation included with the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary Funds (Exhibits V to VII) When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. In fact, the Town's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. Internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the Town's other programs and activities, such as the Town's Information Systems Fund and risk management internal service funds.
- Fiduciary Funds (Exhibits VIII and IX) The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. All the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Town's combined net position decreased from (\$103.5) million to (\$87.2) million. The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Town's governmental and business-type activities.

TABLE 1 NET POSITION (In Thousands)

,	Governmental					Busine	ss-Ty	ре			
		Activ	vities			Activ	vities		To	tal	
		2023		2022		2023		2022	2023		2022
Assets:											
Current and Other Assets	\$	133,183	\$	124,413	\$	72,195	\$	70,827	\$ 205,378	\$	195,240
Capital Assets		275,993		253,753		90,812		89,929	 366,805		343,682
Total Assets		409,176		378,166		163,007		160,756	572,183		538,922
Deferred Outflows of Resources:											
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related											
to Pensions		22,609		20,802		1,466		719	24,075		21,521
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related											
to OPEB		28,283		38,358		-		-	28,283		38,358
Deferred Charge on Refunding		689		873					689		873
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		51,581		60,033		1,466		719	53,047		60,752
Liabilities:											
Long-Term Debt Outstanding		442,504		421,487		64,876		53,049	507,380		474,536
Other Liabilities		42,566		36,729		17,623		15,542	 60,189		52,271
Total Liabilities		485,070		458,216		82,499		68,591	567,569		526,807
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
Advance Property Tax Collections		988		3,948		-		-	988		3,948
Lease Receivable		2,474		1,553		1,354		972	3,828		2,525
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related											
to Pensions		3,686		10,170		286		232	3,972		10,402
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related											
to OPEB		136,050		159,527					136,050		159,527
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		143,198		175,198		1,640		1,204	144,838		176,402
Net Position:											
Net Investment in Capital Assets		121,013		108,876		54,934		52,594	175,947		161,470
Restricted		44,882		26,771		-		-	44,882		26,771
Unrestricted		(333,406)		(330,862)		25,400		39,086	 (308,006)		(291,776)
Total Net Position	\$	(167,511)	\$	(195,215)	\$	80,334	\$	91,680	\$ (87,177)	\$	(103,535)

Net position of the Town's governmental activities increased primarily due to construction of capital assets. Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - changed from (\$291.8) million on June 30, 2022, to (\$306) million at the end of this year. Beginning in FY18, GASB 75 required the full OPEB (Other Post-Employment Benefits) liability to be recognized immediately on the balance sheet. OPEB is the long-term liability for retiree health-care benefits. The OPEB liability appears on the balance sheet in Long-term Debt Outstanding, which has had a significant impact on the Town's overall net position.

Other elements of the change in unrestricted governmental net position resulted from more long-term debt as related to school construction projects and an increase in landfill closure liability. In the General Fund, the revenue side of the budget saw an increase in investment earnings and an increase in State grants. On the expenditure side, a mild winter, and delays in filling vacancies in all functions played a large role in providing favorable results. Planned use of designated fund balance to capital funds took place, keeping the general fund balance at year-end within the range required by the Fund Balance policy. In the Capital Projects Fund, \$46.5 million was expended for improvements; most of these improvements were for roads/sidewalks and the renovation of Bowers Elementary School. These capital expenses were partially funded bond issuance of \$20 million, and transfers in of \$4 million and intergovernmental grants of \$4.3 million. The net position of business-type activities decreased to \$80.3 million compared to \$91.7 million in 2022. This net position cannot be used for the governmental activities. The Town generally can only use this net position to finance the continuing operations of the Water, Sewer, and Sanitation Funds. Sanitation Operations experienced a decrease in net position of \$8.4 million in the current year due to an increase in landfill post-closure costs, which was impacted by inflation. Water and Sewer experienced a net decrease in net position of \$2.9 million, due to an increase in operating expenses. The governmental activities Internal Service net position decreased \$.3 million mainly due to increased healthcare claims in TOMMIF.

TABLE 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION (In Thousands)

		nmental vities		ss-Type vities	Total				
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Revenues:									
Program Revenues:									
Charges for Services	\$ 6,907	\$ 6,383	\$ 30,133	\$ 28,482	\$ 37,040	\$ 34,865			
Operating Grants and Contributions	107,648	90,160	-	-	107,648	90,160			
Capital Grants and Contributions	20,121	5,933	-	-	20,121	5,933			
General Revenues:									
Property Taxes	169,092	165,853	-	-	169,092	165,853			
Grants and Contributions Not									
Restricted to Specific Purposes	4,430	4,422	-	-	4,430	4,422			
Unrestricted Investment									
Earnings (Loss)	4,026	(2,020)	90	(2,139)	4,116	(4,159)			
Other General Revenues	1,642	3,205	473	463	2,115	3,668			
Total Revenues	313,866	273,936	30,696	26,806	344,562	300,742			
Program Expenses:									
General Government	9,994	7,786	-	-	9,994	7,786			
Public Safety	43,725	43,404	-	-	43,725	43,404			
Public Works	22,082	24,763	-	-	22,082	24,763			
Human Services	5,344	5,017	-	-	5,344	5,017			
Leisure Services	7,896	7,878	-	-	7,896	7,878			
Education	196,480	182,349	-	-	196,480	182,349			
Interest on Long-Term Debt	2,255	2,701	-	-	2,255	2,701			
Water	-	-	12,357	7,464	12,357	7,464			
Sewer	-	-	9,815	7,612	9,815	7,612			
Sanitation	-	-	18,256	11,468	18,256	11,468			
Total Program Expenses	287,776	273,898	40,428	26,544	328,204	300,442			
Excess (Deficiency) Before Transfers	26,090	38	(9,732)	262	16,358	300			
Transfers	1,614	1,336	(1,614)	(1,336)					
Change in Net Position	27,704	1,374	(11,346)	(1,074)	16,358	300			
Beginning Net Position	(195,215)	(196,589)	91,680	92,754	(103,535)	(103,835)			
Ending Net Position	\$ (167,511)	\$ (195,215)	\$ 80,334	\$ 91,680	\$ (87,177)	\$ (103,535)			

The Town's total revenues (Governmental and Business-Type) were \$344.7 million. The total cost of all programs and services (Governmental and Business-Type) was \$328.2 million. The analysis below separately considers the operations of governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities

The increase in Governmental Activities net position was \$27.7 million. The amount of net investment in capital assets decreased to \$118.9 million. Operating grants and contributions were \$107.6 million, while capital grants and contributions were \$20.1 million. Property taxes increased \$3.1 million over the prior year due primarily to grand list growth.

Business-Type Activities

Revenues of the Town's business-type activities (see Table 2) increased by \$3.9 million, and expenses increased by \$13.9 million. The increase in revenue was predominantly the result of investment earnings and rate increases. The increase in expenses is primarily due to use of Sanitation Fund balance for various projects.

TABLE 3 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (In Thousands)

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Town's five largest programs - public safety, general government, public works, education, and leisure services - as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions. The decrease in net cost of services for Education is the result of an increase in State and Federal Grants. The increase in net cost of services for Public Safety is the result of planned use of designated fund balance transfers for capital expenditures.

	Total Cost	of Serv	/ices	Net Cost of Services							
	2023		2022		2023		2022				
Education	\$ 196,480	\$	182,349	\$	79,214	\$	90,118				
Public Safety	43,725		43,404		42,061		40,955				
Public Works	22,082		24,763		19,188		22,300				
Leisure Services	7,896		7,878		7,348		7,375				
General Government	9,994		7,786		219		5,299				
All Others	 7,599		7,718		5,070		5,375				
Total	\$ 287,776	\$	273,898	\$	153,100	\$	171,422				

TOWN FUNDS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Governmental Funds

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet - Exhibit III) reported a combined fund balance of \$25.5 million, which is a decrease of \$9.8 million from last year's total. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is an increase of \$3.5 million in the Town's General Fund, due to expenditure savings; a decrease in the Capital Projects fund balance of \$16 million due to construction costs for Buckley, Bowers, and Keeney School, pending reimbursement from the State. The ARPA COVID fund had an increase in fund balance of \$24 thousand, due to unrealized gains in the investment portfolio. The Education Special Grants fund had an increase in fund balance of \$1.6 million due to grants received in FY23.

The Town experienced a variety of significant General Fund budgetary events that affected the year ending equity balances. The major impacts include:

- 1) General Fund revenues came in over budget (\$3.3 million) due to Municipal Revenue Sharing Grant from the State, and investment earnings. Overall, tax collections remained strong.
- 2) General operating expenses were kept under budget in all functional areas primarily due to vacancies in certain positions and a mild winter. Total expenses were under budget by \$4 million.

The Town's General Fund balance of \$33.2 million reported on Exhibit III differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$30.8 million reported in the budgetary comparison in the required supplementary information. This is because budgetary fund balance includes \$400 thousand of outstanding encumbrances at year-end that are reported as expenditures for budgetary purposes, and \$2 million of committed fund balance.

Proprietary Funds

As the Town completed the year, its proprietary funds (as presented in the statement of net position - Exhibit V) reported combined net position of \$80.3 million, which is a decrease of \$11.4 million from last year's total of \$91.7 million. Included in this year's total change in net position is the impact of an actuarial valuation of landfill closure costs which increased due to inflation.

In the internal service funds, the self-insurance funds experienced a combined net decrease of \$386 thousand. Net position in the Medical Insurance Fund decreased by \$1.8 million due to an increase in the cost of medical claims.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

On June 30, 2023, the Town had \$366.9 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, vehicles and equipment, roads, bridges, and water and sewer lines – Table 4. This amount represents a net increase of \$23.2 million (including additions and deductions) over last year, primarily due to the infrastructure program and school construction.

TABLE 4
CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (Net of Depreciation)
(In Millions)

	Governmental				ss-Typ	oe					
	 Activ	∕ities			Acti	vities		Total			
	2023		2022	- 2	2023	2	2022		2023		2022
Land	\$ 18.0	\$	17.8	\$	1.3	\$	1.3	\$	19.3	\$	19.1
Buildings and Improvements	138.5		124.0		38.7		42.2		177.2		166.2
Equipment	9.1		9.3	6.6		5.2		15.7			14.5
Right to use Machinery and											
Equipment	0.4		0.5		-		-		0.4		1
Subscription Assets	8.0		-		-		-		0.8		-
Infrastructure	75.2		78.2		39.7		40.6		114.9		118.8
Construction in Progress	34.1	24.0			4.5		0.6		38.6		24.6
Total	\$ 276.1	\$	253.8	\$	90.8	\$	89.9	\$	366.9	\$	343.7

This year's major additions included (in millions):

School Renovations: \$21.1 Pavement Replacement: \$3.2

The Town's fiscal-year 2023-24 capital budget plans for the completion of Phase 2 of the School Renovation Project, with completion of Keeney School scheduled for summer 2024, the construction of a new main library branch starting in the fall of 2024, as well as continuation of the public infrastructure program improvements, and acquisition of open space.

More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in Note 1 and Note 6 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

On June 30, 2023, the Town had \$138.4 million in bonds outstanding from governmental activities versus \$129.5 million last year - as shown in Table 5. The Town issued \$20 million in new bonds for school construction, and infrastructure programs in FY23. Outstanding bonds were reduced by principal payments in 2023.

TABLE 5
OUTSTANDING DEBT, AT YEAR-END
(In Millions)

	_	Governmental Activities			Busine Acti	ss-Ty _l vities	pe	Total				
	2023		2022	2	2023	2022		2023			2022	
General Obligation Bonds												
(Backed by the Town)	\$ 138.4	\$	129.5	\$	14.3	\$	13.1	\$	152.7	\$	142.6	
Clean Water Notes	-		-		21.6		24.3		21.6		24.3	
Total	\$ 138.4	\$	129.5	\$	35.9	\$	37.4	\$	174.3	\$	166.9	

Town's general obligation bond rating is AA+ (S&P) and AAA (Fitch), a rating that has been assigned by national rating agencies. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that towns can issue based on formula determined under State Statutes based on type of debt and tax base. The Town's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below this \$1.081 billion state-imposed limit.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about the Town's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

For the fiscal year budget 2023-2024, General Fund appropriations total \$229.4 million. This is an increase of \$2.9 million or 2.5% over 2022-2023. For fiscal year 2024, the South Fire Special Taxing District and Eighth Utilities Fire Special Taxing District merged into the Town of Manchester Fire Department and all fire operations are funded by the General Fund. The increase in General Fund appropriations is being funded with a 2.48% increase in the property tax levy, anticipated use of fund balance, as well as additional anticipated state and federal grants. The mill rate increased from 36.12 (Town and South Fire) to 37.20 (Town post FD merger).

For the business-type activities, the Town has set related fees to offset the cost of operations. For the Water fund, as part of an adopted long-term rate setting plan, the Town has kept the working capital in the Water Fund to 180 days of operating costs. Rate increases to cover the cost of operations and related debt service are in place for several years and reviewed annually against actual results.

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when establishing the tax mill rate of 37.20 and business-type fees for the 2023-2024 fiscal year. The Town desires a stable level of service delivery and adopted a mill rate that reflects that drive for stability.

The Town has shown great resiliency in its recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic. The onset of the global public health crisis in February 2020, and subsequent economic downturn, created immediate effects on the Town's revenue streams, impacted local businesses, and altered service delivery across all town functions. Federal funding through the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) and the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER) helped to bridge revenue and expenditure gaps in FY23, but the Town will be dealing with outcomes from the pandemic for the next several years. Town leadership will continue to react quickly as new challenges arise related to the pandemic recovery and will continue to assess community needs and coordinate sustainability efforts across all town departments.

The Town also sees a continued challenge in dealing with inflationary pressures driving up the cost of supplies and equipment and with salary increases that are directly or indirectly affected by wage inflation and binding arbitration. Along with this salary structural difficulty is the challenge of funding continued annual increases in employee and retiree health benefits. Addressing changes to the climate and dealing with stronger storms continues to be an area of focus. A climate and storm emergency fund has been established, which is funded by Public Works operating surpluses each year. At the end of fiscal year 2023, \$1.4 million was held in reserve in this fund to address infrastructure damages arising from future storms. Structural changes made to post-employment benefits in fiscal year 2023 have gone a long way towards reducing the long-term OPEB liability.

Overall, financial results for the 2023 fiscal year were impacted by inflationary pressures but strong revenues and responsible spending resulted an operating surplus and increase to the unassigned General Fund balance. Over the previous years, the Town had strengthened its position by continuing to add to General Fund balance each year. The resulting relatively strong fund balance position is assisting the Town in addressing challenges created pandemic recovery and the Town's long-term liability costs. During FY23, management initiated planned use of General Fund reserves to meet the capital needs of the Town without impacting taxpayers and stayed within the range of fund balance required by the Town's Fund Balance Policy. The State of Connecticut's biennial budget has maintained funding to municipalities, but funding remains at risk as the State attempts to manage its long-term liabilities and address immediate public health and social service needs. The Town's management and elected officials will have to work together to devise strategies to mitigate the impacts of the state economy on the Town's financial position. On a positive note, the General Fund, Fiduciary Funds and Enterprise Funds ended the year in a strong position, due to reduced spending because of staffing vacancies, despite inflationary pressures on actuarially determined liabilities. Overall economic outlook for the Town is stable as the Town works through economic impacts created by economic downturns and inflation. The Town continues to operate its Sanitation Fund conservatively, building up a significant fund balance that can be used to offset reductions in state aid, and assist with capital needs in the coming years.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, Town of Manchester, 494 Main Street, Manchester, Connecticut 06040.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

Primary Government Governmental Activities Activities Activities	Total 91,098 59,084 50,832
ASSETS \$ 59,379 \$ 31,719 \$ 1nvestments \$ 40,929 18,155	91,098 59,084
Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 59,379 \$ 31,719 Investments 40,929 18,155	59,084
Investments 40,929 18,155	59,084
	50,832
Receivables, Net 43,390 7,442	•
Internal Balances (12,727) 12,727	
Due from Fiduciary Funds 1,749 -	1,749
Supplies 160 2,151	2,311
Prepaid Items 303 1	304
Capital Assets:	
Assets Not Being Depreciated 52,040 5,785	57,825
Assets Being Depreciated, Net 223,953 85,027	308,980
Total Assets 409,176 163,007	572,183
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions 22,609 1,466	24,075
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB 28,283 -	28,283
Deferred Charge on Refunding 689	689
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 51,581 1,466	53,047
LIABILITIES	
Accounts and Other Payables 15,129 2,556	17,685
Accrued Liabilities 3,682 262	3,944
Bond Anticipation Notes - 14,296	14,296
Unearned Revenue 23,755 509	24,264
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year 20,660 3,006	23,666
Due in More than One Year 421,844 61,870	483,714
Total Liabilities 485,070 82,499	567,569
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Advance Property Tax Collections 988 -	988
Lease receivable 2,474 1,354	3,828
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions 3,686 286	3,972
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB 136,050	136,050
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 143,198 1,640	144,838
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets 121,013 54,934	175,947
Restricted:	,
Trust Purposes:	
Expendable 3,395 -	3,395
Grants 37,045 -	37,045
Other 4,442 -	4,442
Unrestricted (333,406) 25,400	(308,006)
Total Net Position \$ (167,511) \$ 80,334 \$	(87,177)

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

						am Revenues	i	Capital							
Functions/Programs		Expenses		arges for Services		rants and entributions		rants and entributions	Go	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				Total	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES															
General Government	\$	9,994	\$	2,552	\$	7,021	\$	202	\$		\$	-	\$	(219)	
Public Safety		43,725		1,349		243		72		(42,061)		-		(42,061)	
Public Works		22,082		1,488		714		692		(19,188)		-		(19,188)	
Leisure Services		7,896		493		55		-		(7,348)		-		(7,348)	
Human Services		5,344		107		2,145		277		(2,815)		-		(2,815)	
Education		196,480		918		97,470		18,878		(79,214)		-		(79,214)	
Interest on Long-Term Debt		2,255								(2,255)				(2,255)	
Total Governmental Activities		287,776		6,907		107,648		20,121		(153,100)		-		(153,100)	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES															
Water		12,357		9,491		-		-		-		(2,866)		(2,866)	
Sewer		9,815		10,347	-			-	-					532	
Sanitation		18,256		10,295		-				_		(7,961)		(7,961)	
Total Business-Type Activities		40,428		30,133		-			_	-		(10,295)		(10,295)	
Total	\$	328,204	\$	37,040	\$	107,648	\$	20,121		(153,100)		(10,295)		(163,395)	
	GEN	ERAL REVE	NUES:												
		operty Taxes								,		-		169,092	
	Gr	ants and Con	tributior	ns Not Restric	ted to	Specific Prog	ırams			4,430		-		4,430	
		restricted Inve	estmen	t Earnings						,				4,116	
		scellaneous								1,642		473		2,115	
	Trans									1,614		(1,614)			
		Total Ger	neral Revenues and Transfers					180,804		(1,051)		179,753			
	СНА	NGE IN NET	POSITION						27,704		(11,346)		16,358		
	Net F	Position - Beg	eginning of Year					(195,215)		91,680		(103,535)			
	NET	POSITION - I	END OF YEAR					\$	(167,511)	\$	80,334	\$	(87,177)		

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	General		Cap General Proje			PA COVID Fund	Spec	Education Special Grants Fund		lonmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmenta Funds		
ASSETS													
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables, Net Supplies Interfund Receivables Other Assets	\$	2,797 13,215 4,801 - 35,255 30	\$	16,381 - 34,116 - - 19	\$	10,226 12,088 - - - -	\$	2,361 - - -	\$	11,522 7,422 1,362 160 -	\$	40,926 32,725 42,640 160 35,255 66	
Total Assets	\$	56,098	\$	50,516	\$	22,314	\$	2,361	\$	20,483	\$	151,772	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES													
LIABILITIES Accounts and Other Payables Accrued Liabilities Intergovernmental Payables Interfund Payables Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	\$	3,517 1,627 14 12,727 55 17,940	\$	9,622 - 31,757 821 42,200	\$	331 - - - 22,361 22,692	\$	622 - 1,279 439 2,340	\$	778 26 - 470 33 1,307	\$	14,870 1,653 14 46,233 23,709 86,479	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Grants Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Lease Receivable Advance Property Tax Collections Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	2,194 - - 1,697 988 4,879		33,252 777 - 34,029		- - - -		852 - - 852		- 22 - - - - - 22		2,194 22 34,104 2,474 988 39,782	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances		30 - 2,060 6,213 24,976 33,279		2,014 - - (27,727) (25,713)		- - - (378) (378)		- - - - (831) (831)		177 10,778 8,199 - - 19,154		207 12,792 10,259 6,213 (3,960) 25,511	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	56,098	\$	50,516	\$	22,314	\$	2,361	\$	20,483	\$	151,772	

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit III)	\$ 25,511
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Governmental Capital Assets	508,071
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(232,358)
Net Capital Assets	275,713
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:	
Property Tax Receivables Greater than 60 Days	1,563
Interest Receivable on Property Taxes	631
Housing Rehabilitation and Commercial Entity Loans	22
Grants Receivable Greater than 60 Days	34,104
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	22,609
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB	28,283
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities	
in the statement of net position.	19,412
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Net OPEB Liability	(172,985)
Net Pension Liability	(103,805)
Bonds and Notes Payable	(138,370)
Bond Premiums	(8,593)
Interest Payable on Bonds and Notes	(2,029)
Compensated Absences	(9,712)
Lease Payable	(391)
Subscriptions Payable Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	(427) (3,686)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB	(3,000)
Deferred Charge on Refunding	(130,030)
Bolottod Offargo off Notaliding	 003
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)	\$ (167,511)

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	 Capital General Projects		ARPA COVID Fund		Education /ID Special Grants Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES Property Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ 154,615 63,360	\$	27 4,297	\$	- 2,367	\$	- 32,426	\$	16,004 7,358	\$	170,646 109,808
Investment Earnings	1,681		244		31		-,		973		2,929
Licenses, Permits and Fines	3,349		-		-		-		-		3,349
Charges for Goods and Services	882		49		-		-		2,658		3,589
Other	 446		602		-		-		567		1,615
Total Revenues	224,333		5,219		2,398		32,426		27,560		291,936
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General Government	6,237		-		1,624		-		569		8,430
Public Works	12,579		-		-		-		33		12,612
Public Safety	22,729		4		-		-		18,596		41,329
Human Services	3,300		-		-		-		1,977		5,277
Leisure Services Employee Benefits	6,212 4,949		-		-		-		368		6,580 4,949
Education	4,949 143,880		-		-		30,829		- 5,877		4,949 180,586
Internal Service Fund Charges	2,735		-		_		50,629		772		3,507
Other	260		_		_		_		43		303
Debt Service	13,893		1,904		_		_		-		15,797
Capital Outlay	1,504		44,687		_		_		37		46,228
Total Expenditures	218,278		46,595		1,624		30,829		28,272		325,598
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER EXPENDITURES	6,055		(41,376)		774		1,597		(712)		(33,662)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers In	1.715		4,030		_		_		3,841		9,586
Transfers Out	(5,431)		-,000		(750)		_		(2,091)		(8,272)
Issuance of Bond	(0, 101)		20,000		-		_		(=,00.)		20,000
Subscriptions Payable Proceeds	1,208		-		_		_		_		1,208
Bond Premium	-		1,344		-		-		-		1,344
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,508)		25,374		(750)				1,750		23,866
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	3,547		(16,002)		24		1,597		1,038		(9,796)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	29,732		(9,711)		(402)		(2,428)		18,116		35,307
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 33,279	\$	(25,713)	\$	(378)	\$	(831)	\$	19,154	\$	25,511

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net Change In Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit IV)	\$ (9,796)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of	
those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense: Capital Outlay	40,653
Depreciation Expense	(16,787)
The statement of activities reports losses arising from the disposal of existing capital assets.	
Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on disposal of capital assets. This amount represents the disposal of capital assets.	(1,453)
	(, ,
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are	
not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:	
Property Tax Receivable - Accrual Basis Change	(8)
Property Tax Interest and Lien Revenue - Accrual Basis Change	57
Grants Receivable - Accrual Basis Change	15,344
Change in Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	1,807
Change in Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB	(10,075)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources	
to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the	
current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on	
net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts,	
and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and	
deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of	
long-term debt and related items are as follows:	(00.000)
Issuance of Bonds and Notes	(20,000)
Premium on Bonds	(1,344)
Bond Principal Payments	11,160
Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding	(184)
Amortization of Premiums	1,584
Principal Payments on Lease Payable	326
Subscriptions Based Technology Arrangements Principal Payments on Subscriptions Payable	(1,208) 781
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Compensated Absences	1,005
Accrued Interest	(127)
Change in Net Pension Liability	(11,078)
Change in Net OPEB Liability	(2,528)
Change in Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	6,484
Change in Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB	23,477
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net	•
revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.	 (386)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)	\$ 27,704

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

		Business-Type Activities						
		Major Funds		Total Business-Type	Activities Internal			
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation	Activities	Service Fund			
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,444	\$ 4,958	\$ 19,317	\$ 31,719	\$ 18,453			
Investments	-	-	18,155	18,155	8,204			
Receivables, Net	3,573	2,929	869	7,371	750			
Assessment Receivable	-	71	-	71	-			
Supplies	1,169	982	-	2,151	-			
Interfund Receivable	-	-	12,727	12,727	-			
Prepaid Expenses	-	-	1	1	237			
Total Current Assets	12,186	8,940	51,069	72,195	27,644			
Noncurrent Assets:								
Capital Assets, Net	34,051	52,348	4,413	90,812	280			
Total Assets	46,237	61,288	55,482	163,007	27,924			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	943	325	198	1,466	-			
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts and Other Payables	989	600	967	2,556	245			
Accrued Liabilities	134	119	9	262	-			
Claims Payable	-	-	-	-	4,871			
Unearned Revenue	-	71	-	71	46			
Customer Deposits	-	198	240	438	-			
Bond Anticipation Notes	7,598	6,698	-	14,296	-			
Lease Payables	-	-	1	1	-			
Subscription Payable	-	-	5	5	-			
Clean Water Fund Notes	103	2,619	-	2,722	-			
Compensated Absences	155_	105	18	278	84			
Total Current Liabilities	8,979	10,410	1,240	20,629	5,246			

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

(IN THOUSANDS)

		Business-Type Activities						
				Total	Activities			
		Major Funds						
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation	Activities	Service Fund			
LIABILITIES								
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Compensated Absences	264	106	11	381	136			
Claims Payable	-	-	-	-	3,130			
Lease Payables	-	-	1	1	-			
Subscription Payable	-	-	5	5	-			
Clean Water Fund Notes	1,751	17,109	-	18,860	-			
Landfill Liability	-	-	33,880	33,880	-			
Net Pension Liability	5,627	1,937	1,179	8,743	-			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	7,642	19,152	35,076	61,870	3,266			
Total Liabilities	16,621	29,562	36,316	82,499	8,512			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Inflows of Resources Lease Receivable	1,354		-	1,354	-			
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	184	63	39	286	-			
Total Deferred inflows of Resources	1,538	63	39	1,640				
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	24,599	25,922	4,413	54,934	280			
Unrestricted	4,422	6,066	14,912	25,400	19,132			
Total Net Position	\$ 29,021	\$ 31,988	\$ 19,325	\$ 80,334	\$ 19,412			

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Business-Type Activities							Governmental		
							Total		Activities	
		14/-4		or Funds	0			ness-Type		nternal
OPERATING REVENUES		Water		Sewer	Si	anitation	A	ctivities	Serv	ice Fund
Charges for Services	\$	9,491	\$	10,347	\$	10,295	\$	30,133	\$	35,106
Other	Ф	9,491	Φ	72	Ф	33	Φ	172	Ф	1,783
Total Operating Revenues		9,558		10,419		10,328		30,305		36,889
Total Operating Nevenues		9,550		10,413		10,320		30,303		30,009
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Administrative		1,415		660		1,098		3,173		-
General Operating		6,060		4,572		6,662		17,294		4,553
Claims Expense		-		-		-		-		33,926
Depreciation		2,143		3,443		488		6,074		193
Pension Expense		2,739		1,140		466		4,345		
Total Operating Expenses		12,357		9,815		8,714		30,886		38,672
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(2,799)		604		1,614		(581)		(1,783)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)										
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets		7		3		-		10		-
Income on Investments		204		114		628		946		1,097
Interest Expense		(264)		(592)		-		(856)		-
Lease Revenue		312		-		-		312		-
Change in Estimate for Closure/Post closure Costs		-		-		(9,542)		(9,542)		-
Premiums on Debt Issuance		(1)		(20)		<u> </u>		(21)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		258		(495)		(8,914)		(9,151)		1,097
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(2,541)		109		(7,300)		(9,732)		(686)
TRANSFERS										
Transfers In		475		375		-		850		305
Transfers Out		(643)		(703)		(1,118)		(2,464)		(5)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(2,709)		(219)		(8,418)		(11,346)		(386)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		31,730		32,207		27,743		91,680		19,798
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	29,021	\$	31,988	\$	19,325	\$	80,334	\$	19,412

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Business-Type Activities							vernmental	
		∕lajor Funds			Total Business-Type		Activities Internal		
	Water		Sewer		anitation	Activities		Service Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Cash Received from Customers and Users	\$ 9,6	00 \$	10,375	\$	10,296	\$ 30,271	\$	37,328	
Cash Received from Insurance Proceeds		-	-		-	-		56	
Other Operating Receipts		67	72		33	172		-	
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(3,6	97)	(2,186)		(6,146)	(12,029)		(3,158)	
Cash Paid for Interfund Services Provided		-	-		-	-		-	
Cash Paid to Employees	(3,6	00)	(2,991)		(1,582)	(8,173)		(1,427)	
Cash Paid for Insurance Claims and Premiums		<u> </u>						(34,156)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by									
Operating Activities	2,3	70	5,270		2,601	10,241		(1,357)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL									
FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Transfers In	4	75	375		-	850		-	
Transfers Out	(6	43)	(703)		(1,118)	(2,464)		-	
Cash Received from Leases	3	12	-		-	312		-	
Cash Received from Other Funds		-	-		-	-		305	
Cash Paid to Other Funds		<u> </u>			(12,727)	(12,727)		(5)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by									
Noncapital Financing Activities	1	44	(328)		(13,845)	(14,029)		300	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND									
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		10	3		47	60		-	
Purchase of Capital Assets and Construction	(2,1	68)	(2,939)		(1,890)	(6,997)		(20)	
Principal Payment - Clean Water Fund Notes	,	01)	(2,567)		-	(2,668)		-	
Principal Payment - Bond Anticipation Notes	(7,3	,	(5,686)		-	(13,085)		-	
Principal Payment - Leases	,	26)	-		(1)	(27)		-	
Proceeds from Bond Anticipation Notes	7,5	98	6,698		-	14,296		-	
Premium on Bond Anticipation Note Sale		(1)	(20)		-	(21)		-	
Interest Paid	(2	64)	(592)			(856)			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital									
and Related Financing Activities	(2,3	51)	(5,103)		(1,844)	(9,298)		(20)	

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Business-Type Activities								Governmental		
			Mai	ar Funda			Б.	Total		ctivities	
		Major Full		Bewer	S	anitation	Business-Type Activities		Internal Service Fund		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES											
Interest Received	\$	204	\$	114	\$	628	\$	946	\$	1,097	
Proceeds from Sale of Investments		-		-		-		-		-	
Purchase of Investments		-		-		(1,834)		(1,834)		(454)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by				<u>.</u>							
Investing Activities		204		114		(1,206)		(888)		643	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH											
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		367		(47)		(14,294)		(13,974)		(434)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		7,077		5,005		33,611		45,693		18,887	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	7,444	\$	4,958	\$	19,317	\$	31,719	\$	18,453	

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Business-Type Activities							Governmental		
		·					Busi	Total Business-Type		ctivities nternal
		Water		Sewer	Sa	anitation	Activities		Service Fund	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME										
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY										
OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Operating Income	\$	(2,799)	\$	604	\$	1,614	\$	(581)	\$	(1,783)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to										
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:										
Depreciation Expense		2,143		3,443		488		6,074		193
Change in Asset and Liabilities:										
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(273)		27		112		(134)		449
(Increase) Decrease in Supplies and Prepaid Items		(338)		(308)		(1)		(647)		-
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred										
Outflows of Resources		(467)		(205)		(75)		(747)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		514		319		38		871		23
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses		56		53		-		109		-
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		-		1		(111)		(110)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated										
Absences Payable		(54)		(8)		(5)		(67)		9
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable		-		-		-		-		(294)
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-		46
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		3,175		1,320		542		5,037		-
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Leases		382		-		-		382		-
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred										
Inflows of Resources		31		24		(1)		54		-
Total Adjustments		5,169		4,666		987		10,822		426
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	2,370	\$	5,270	\$	2,601	\$	10,241	\$	(1,357)

Schedule of noncash financing and investment activities:

Noncash financing of \$26 related to subscriptions payable is reported for the Sanitation Fund.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 188
Investments:	
Mutual Funds	159,322
Alternative Investments	72,339
Accounts Receivable	60
Prepaid Expenses	1,514_
Total Assets	233,423
LIABILITIES	
Accounts and Other Payables	1
Interfund Payable	1,749
Total Liabilities	1,750
NET POSITION	
Restricted for OPEB Benefits	4,216
Restricted for Pension Benefits	227,457
Total Net Position	\$ 231,673

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Pension and Other Employee		
	Benefit Tru Funds		
ADDITIONS:		·unus	
Contributions:			
Employer	\$	17,262	
Plan Members	Ψ	4,160	
Total Contributions		21,422	
Total Contributions		21,722	
Investment Income:			
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		16,475	
Interest and Dividends		4,836	
Income from Real Estate Investments		516	
Total Investment Income (Loss)		21,827	
Total Additions		43,249	
DEDUCTIONS:		00 700	
Benefits A to the disconnection of the second control of the secon		28,798	
Administration		329	
Total Deductions		29,127	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		14,122	
		17,122	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		217,551	
		,	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	231,673	

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Manchester, Connecticut (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the Town are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town operates under the provisions of its Charter and the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. The Town was incorporated in May of 1823. Its legal authority is derived from a charter granted in 1947 that has subsequently been revised, most recently in 2008. The Town operates under a council-manager form of government. Services provided include water, sewer, refuse removal, parks and recreation, police and fire, education, planning and zoning, community development and human services.

The Town is a political subdivision of the state of Connecticut. It is governed by an elected board of nine directors.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America require that the reporting entity include the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. A government is financially accountable for a legally separate organization if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the government. These criteria have been considered and have resulted in the inclusion of the fiduciary component units as detailed below.

Fiduciary Component Units

The Town has established a single-employer Public Retirement Systems (PERS), a 401(a) Defined Compensation Plan and a post-retirement retiree health plan (OPEB) to provide retirement benefits and post-retirement health care benefits to employees and their beneficiaries. The Town appoints a majority of the Pension Board which oversees each plan and is required to make contributions to the pension and OPEB plans and can impose its will.

The financial statements of the fiduciary component units are reported as Pension and OPEB Trust funds in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the fiduciary component units.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, including fiduciary component units, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, and other revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the major capital improvement projects, which are primarily funded by bond authorizations and capital grants along with Town contributions. The major source of revenue for this fund is governmental grants.

ARPA COVID Fund

The ARPA COVID fund accounts for the COVID response grants. The major source of revenue for this fund is federal grants.

Education Special Grants Fund

The Education Special Grants fund accounts for the financial activity of various education federal and state grants.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund

The Water Fund accounts for the Town-owned water supply system.

Sewer Fund

The Sewer Fund controls the financial activity of the sanitary sewer system.

Sanitation Fund

The Sanitation Fund accounts for the Town-owned sanitary landfill.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Funds

Information Systems Fund

The Information Systems Fund accounts for the financial operations of the central information systems facility.

Manchester Self-Insurance Program

The Manchester Self-Insurance Program (MSIP) accounts for the costs associated with the Town's risk management system.

Town of Manchester Medical Insurance Fund

The Town of Manchester Medical Insurance Fund (TOMMIF) accounts for the Town's self-insured employee health benefit program.

Trust Funds

Pension, Defined Contribution, and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds

The Pension, Defined Contribution, and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds account for the activities of the Public Employees' Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified Town employees, 401(a) Plan activity, and the activities of the Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Trust, to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with postemployment benefits.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain Town functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds, and of the Town's internal service funds, are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

D. Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3 and Note 4.

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value.

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either due to/from other funds (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or advances to/from other funds (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances. All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Property Taxes

Property taxes become an enforceable lien and are assessed on property as of October 1; however, the legal right to attach property does not exist until July 1. Property assessments are made at 70% of the market value. Real estate taxes are billed on July 1 and, if over \$400 (amount not rounded), are payable in semiannual installments on July 1 and January 1. Personal property taxes are billed on July 1 and, if over \$400 (amount not rounded), payable in two equal installments on July 1 and January 1. Motor vehicle taxes are billed, and due July 1 and motor vehicle supplement taxes are billed and due January 1. Certificates of continuing lien are filed against the real estate represented by delinquent real estate taxes within the year in which the tax is due. Taxes not paid within 30 days of the due date are subject to an interest charge of 1.5% per month. Delinquent taxes receivable at June 30 in the funds statements are recorded as unavailable revenue to the extent that they have not been collected within 60 days, since they are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current year.

G. Supplies and Prepaid Items

All supplies are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Supplies of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

H. Lease Receivable

The Entity determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases are included in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources in the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

Lease receivables represent the Entity's claim to receive lease payments over the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Lease receivables are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Interest revenue is recognized ratably over the contract term.

Amounts to be received under residual value guarantees that are not fixed in substance are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources if (a) a guaranteed payment is required and (b) the amount can be reasonably estimated. Amounts received for the exercise price of a purchase option or penalty for lease termination are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources when those options are exercised.

The Entity has elected to recognize payments received for short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less as revenue as the payments are received. These leases are not included as lease receivables or deferred inflows on the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Lease Receivable (Continued)

The individual lease contracts do not provide information about the discount rate implicit in the lease. Therefore, the Entity has elected to use their incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of expected lease payments.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, right to use equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 (amount not rounded). Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	45 Years
Buildings Improvements	20 Years
Improvements Other than Building	20 Years
Vehicles	6 to 15 Years
Office Equipment	10 to 15 Years
Computer Equipment	7 Years
Right to Use Machinery and Equipment	6 to 15 years
Infrastructure	12 to 70 Years

SBITA assets are initially measured as the sum of the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term, payments associated with the SBITA contract made to the SBITA vendor at the commencement of the subscription term, when applicable, and capitalizable implementation costs, less any SBITA vendor incentives received form the SBITA vendor at the commencement of the SBITA term. SBITA assets are amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT assets.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs, difference in projected to actual earnings, change in the employer's proportional share of contributions or contributions made to the plan after the measurement date. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental fund financial statements in the current year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance property tax collections and leases in the governmentwide statement of net position and in the governmental funds balance sheet. The Town also reports deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, in the government-wide statement of net position. Advance property tax collections represent taxes and fees inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). Also, for governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, long-term loans, lease, and grants receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Compensated Absences

Employees earn annual leave or vacation time according to the terms of the union contract that applies to them. Such amounts are liquidated within the functional cost area in which the employee's payroll is paid. Annual leave must be used prior to the end of the year in which it is earned, unless the General Manager authorizes an extension. Vacation leave earned in any year must be used prior to the end of the year following the year that it is earned, unless the General Manager authorizes an extension. Upon termination or retirement, an employee may be reimbursed for accumulated but unused annual leave or vacation time depending on the union contract and date of hire.

Town and Board of Education employees are paid by a prescribed formula set forth in their collective bargaining agreements for sick leave. Unused sick leave accumulates and employees vest in their unused days when they reach qualifications for retirement. If an employee retires, unused accumulated sick leave is paid to them based on the specifications in their respective collective bargaining agreements.

Annual leave, vacation and sick pay are accrued when incurred in proprietary funds and reported as a fund liability. Annual leave, vacation and sick pay that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts not expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources are not reported in governmental funds. No expenditure is reported for these amounts.

Liabilities for compensated absences, including the current portion, are reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

L. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of prepared its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

N. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payables are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

O. Fund Balance

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as net position and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position – Net position is restricted because of externally imposed restrictions by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

O. Fund Balance (Continued)

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as fund balance and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g., permanent fund principal).

Restricted Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Board of Directors). The Board of Directors can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (The adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors has authorized the finance director to assign fund balance via the approval of encumbrances. The Board of Directors may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance. The Town's policy stipulates a goal of unassigned fund balance as of year-end not less than 10% and not more than 15% of general fund revenues.

P. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Q. Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In May 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This standard defines a subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA); establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset (an intangible asset) and a corresponding subscription liability; provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA.

The Town adopted the requirements of the guidance effective July 1, 2022, and has applied the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The Town adopts an annual operating budget for the following funds:

General Fund

Special Revenue Funds

Special Taxing District – Fire

Enterprise Funds

Water Fund Sewer Fund Sanitation Fund

Internal Service Funds

Information Systems Fund

The Town's procedures in establishing budgetary data included in the financial statements are as follows:

 No later than March 13, the Town Manager prepares and submits to the Board of Directors a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The legal level of control for the budget is represented by the following categories: general government, public works, public safety, human services, leisure services, employee benefits, education, debt service, other and interfund transfers (including payments to internal service funds).

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

A. Budgetary Information (Continued)

- No later than March 23, a public hearing is conducted by the Board of Directors to obtain taxpayer comments.
- No later than April 16, the budget must be adopted by the Board of Directors. If the Board fails to adopt the budget, the tentative budget submitted by the General Manager is deemed to be adopted.
- The Charter provides for a budget referendum by petition. If a petition to reject the budget is signed by at least 7% of registered voters and filed with and certified by the Town Clerk within ten days of budget adoption, a budget referendum is to be held. If the budget adopted by the Board of Directors is rejected at the referendum, the Board of Directors must adopt a revised budget. Only one budget referendum may be held per year and the revised budget adopted by the Board of Directors takes effect on July 1.
- The Town Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within appropriations for each category noted above; however, any transfer between appropriations for these categories or additional appropriations must be approved by the Board of Directors. Additional appropriations of \$936 were approved during the year for the General Fund. Additional appropriation of \$1,455 for the Fire Special Taxing District were approved during the year with no changes to estimated revenues. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- Except for encumbrance accounting, all budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis.
- Generally, the unexpended and unencumbered portion of appropriations lapse at year-end, except those of the capital projects funds. Appropriations for the foregoing are continued until completion of the project, even when projects extend beyond one fiscal year.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are included in either restricted, committed or assigned fund balance depending on the level of restriction and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

B. Deficit Fund Balance

The Capital Projects Fund, a major governmental fund, had a fund deficit of \$25,713, which will be funded through future recognition of grants revenue and the issuance of debt. The ARPA COVID Fund, a major governmental fund, had a deficit of \$378 which is expected to be funded by future investment earnings. The Education Special Grants Fund, a major governmental fund, had a fund deficit of \$831 which is expected to be funded by future grant funding.

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a qualified public depository.

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

A. Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the state of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits (Continued)

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits, and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$27,573 of the Town's bank balance of \$42,763 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and Uncollateralized	\$ 23,316
Uninsured and Collateral Held by the Pledging	
Bank's Trust Department, Not in the Town's Name	 4,257
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 27,573

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. At June 30, 2023, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$52,438. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

	Standard
	and Poor's
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAAm
Money Market Funds*	

^{*} Not Rated

STIF is an investment pool of high-quality, short-term money market instruments with an average maturity of less than 60 days. There were no limitations or restrictions on any withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS

Investments as of June 30, 2023 in all funds are as follows:

				Invest	ment	Maturities (Years)	
	Fa	ir Value	Less Than 1		1 - 10		More	than 10
Interest-Bearing Investments:								
Certificates of Deposit*	\$	11,204	\$	3,915	\$	7,289	\$	-
U.S. Government Securities		472		-		472		-
U.S. Government Agencies		15,023		2,654		11,876		493
Municipal Bonds		10,167		2,345		7,822		-
Corporate Bonds		5,395		455		4,940		-
Other Investments:								
Mutual Funds		173,336		-		-		-
Common Stock		2,809		-		-		-
Alternative Investments		72,339						
Total Investments	\$	290,745	\$	9,369	\$	32,399	\$	493

^{*} Subject to coverage by Federal Depository Insurance and Collateralization

Presented below is the rating of investments for each debt investment type:

			L	J.S.		U.S.				
	Coi	porate	Gove	rnment	Go۱	ernment/	Cer	tificates	Μı	unicipal
Average Rating	B	onds	Sec	urities	Αç	gencies	of E	Deposit	E	Bonds
Aaa	\$	149	\$		\$	13,591	\$	-	\$	-
Aa1		-		-		-		-		-
Aa2		312		-		-		-		290
Aa3		149		-		-		-		5,087
A1		856		-		-		-		414
A2		879		-		-		-		200
A3		893		-		-		-		-
Baa1		974		-		-		-		-
Baa2		1,117		-		-		-		-
Baa3		66		-		-		-		-
Not Rated		-		472		1,432		11,204		4,176
Total	\$	5,395	\$	472	\$	15,023	\$	11,204	\$	10,167

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

	Fair Value		L	evel 1	 evel 2	Level 3		
Investments by Fair Value Level:	·					·		
Debt Securities:								
U.S. Government Securities	\$	472	\$	472	\$ -	\$	-	
U.S. Government Agencies	15,	023		15,023	-		-	
Corporate Bonds	5,	395		-	5,395		-	
Municipal Bonds	10,	167		10,167	-		-	
Equity Securities:								
Mutual Funds	173,	336		173,336	-		-	
Common Stock	2,	809		2,809	-		-	
Alternative Investments	72,	339		-	72,339		_	
Total Investments by								
Fair Value Level	279,	541	\$	201,807	\$ 77,734	\$		
Investments Not Recorded at Fair Value: Certificates of Deposit		204						
Total Investments	\$ 290,	745						

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt and equity securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Alternative investments valued at Level 2 are primarily pooled, common and collective funds which are not regularly priced but can be determined upon request. Alternative investments classified as Level 3 are managed assets with multiple pricing options available, however, the majority are not publicly traded (or are thinly traded). For these alternative investment pricing is determined using valuations or appraisal methodologies.

Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – Investments

As indicated above, state statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Town has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Town does not have an investment policy that limits an investment in any one issuer in excess of 5% of the Town's total investments.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2023, the Town's investments, other than open-end mutual funds and other pooled accounts that are not categorized as to custodial credit risk, were uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, and were not in the Town's name.

The Town's investment policy, in conformity with applicable Connecticut General Statutes, authorizes investment in the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). The value of the position in the pools is the same as the value of the pool shares. Regulatory oversight for the State Treasurer's STIF is provided quarterly by the Investment Advisory Council and the Treasurer's Cash Management Board.

NOTE 5 RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	G	eneral		apital ojects	S	ucation pecial Grants	,	Vater	ç	Sewer	San	itation	an	onmajor d Other Funds	Total
		onorai		ojooto	<u> </u>	ranto	_	rator	<u> </u>	201101	Cui	itation		unuo	Total
Receivables:															
Taxes	\$	3,776	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,776
Interest		631		-		-		-		-		-		-	631
Accounts		359		-		-		2,595		3,440		944		1,026	8,364
Intergovernmental		46	3	34,116		2,361		-		71		-		1,046	37,640
Loans		-		-		-		-		-		-		40	40
Leases		1,723		-		-		1,376		-		-		60	3,159
Gross Receivables		6,535	3	34,116		2,361		3,971		3,511		944		2,172	53,610
Less: Allowance for															
Uncollectibles		(1,734)						(398)	_	(511)		(75)			 (2,718)
Total Receivables, Net	\$	4,801	\$ 3	34,116	\$	2,361	\$	3,573	\$	3,000	\$	869	\$	2,172	\$ 50,892

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Be	ginning								Ending
	В	alance	In	creases	De	creases	Tr	ansfers	E	Balance
Governmental Activities:										
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:										
Land	\$	17,768	\$	217	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,985
Construction In Progress		24,044		31,661		(463)		(21,187)		34,055
Total Capital Assets Not Being										
Depreciated		41,812		31,878		(463)		(21,187)		52,040
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:										
Buildings and Improvements		244,590		4,134		(2,417)		21,187		267,494
Improvements Other than Buildings		14,391		445		(377)		-		14,459
Machinery and Equipment		37,312		2,162		(948)		-		38,526
Right to use Lease Asset		873		-		(195)		-		678
Subscription Assets		-		1,500		-		-		1,500
Infrastructure		137,311		554		(20)				137,845
Total Capital Assets Being										
Depreciated		434,477		8,795		(3,957)		21,187		460,502
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:										
Buildings and Improvements		(128,414)		(9,817)		1,584		-		(136,647)
Improvements Other than Buildings		(6,521)		(577)		264		-		(6,834)
Machinery and Equipment		(27,979)		(2,338)		904		-		(29,413)
Right to use Lease Asset		(363)		(97)		195		-		(265)
Subscription Assets		-		(716)		-		-		(716)
Infrastructure		(59,259)		(3,435)		20		-		(62,674)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(222,536)		(16,980)		2,967				(236,549)
Total Capital Assets Being										
Depreciated, Net		211,941		(8,185)		(990)		21,187		223,953
Governmental Activities Capital										
Assets, Net	\$	253,753	\$	23,693	\$	(1,453)	\$		\$	275,993

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS(CONTINUED)

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Ве	eginning							Ending
	В	Balance	Ind	creases	Dec	reases	Tra	ınsfers	Balance
Business-Type Activities:									
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:									
Land	\$	1,315	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,315
Construction in Progress		614		4,470		(3)		(611)	4,470
Total Capital Assets Not Being									
Depreciated		1,929		4,470		(3)		(611)	5,785
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:									
Buildings and Improvements		77,493		-		-		-	77,493
Improvements Other than Buildings		2,577		127		-		-	2,704
Machinery and Equipment		20,339		2,386		(1,303)		-	21,422
Right to use Lease Asset		56		-		(53)		-	3
Subscription Assets		-		24		-		-	24
Infrastructure		91,733		_		(19)		611	92,325
Total Capital Assets Being	'								
Depreciated		192,198		2,537		(1,375)		611	193,971
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:									
Buildings and Improvements		(36,685)		(3,508)		-		-	(40,193)
Improvements Other than Buildings		(1,149)		(111)		-		-	(1,260)
Machinery and Equipment		(15,217)		(876)		1,256		-	(14,837)
Right to use Lease Asset		(27)		(27)		53		-	(1)
Subscription Assets		-		(14)		-		-	(14)
Infrastructure		(51,120)		(1,538)		19			(52,639)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(104,198)		(6,074)		1,328			(108,944)
Total Capital Assets Being									
Depreciated, Net		88,000		(3,537)		(47)		611	 85,027
Business-Type Activities Capital									
Assets, Net	\$	89,929	\$	933	\$	(50)	\$		\$ 90,812

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 612
Public Works	4,144
Public Safety	1,332
Human Services	83
Recreation	202
Library	78
Education	10,529
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental	,
Activities	\$ 16,980
Business-Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 2,143
Sewer	3,443
Sanitation	488
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Business-Type Activities	\$ 6,074

Construction Commitments

The Town has active construction projects as of June 30, 2023. The projects include renovations to School Facilities, and various public works and bond referendum projects.

The following is a summary of significant capital projects at June 30, 2023:

The following capital projects are being financed by a combination of state and federal grants and general obligation bonds: 2013 Bond Referendum, 2014 School Bond, 2016 Bond Land Acquisition and 2019 School Bond. Capital projects financed primarily by general obligation bonds include Broad Street Redevelopment, 2012 School Bond, 2019 Public Works Bond and 2022 Public Works Bond. 2017 Public Works Bond is being financed through a combination of general obligation bonds and transfers from the Water Fund.

Project	 uthorized Amount	•	ended and cumbered	 encumbered Balance
2012 School Bond	\$ 4,900	\$	3,943	\$ 957
2013 Bond Referendum	12,308		11,854	454
2014 School Bond	84,226		78,535	5,691
2015 Bond Referendum	12,152		11,883	269
2016 Bond Land Acq and Hist Pres	4,450		2,629	1,821
2017 Public Works Bond	13,147		12,906	241
2019 School Bond	97,200		66,722	30,478
2019 Public Works Bond	16,269		15,026	1,243
2022 Public Works Bond	16,975		14,524	2,451
Total	\$ 261,627	\$	218,022	\$ 43,605

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 7 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	 Amount
General Fund	Capital Projects	\$ 31,757
General Fund	Education Special Grants	1,279
General Fund	Pension Trust Fund	1,749
Sanitation Fund	General Fund	12,727
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	470

Interfund receivables and payables generally represent temporary balances arising from reimbursement-type transactions.

Interfund transfers that occurred during the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

		Trans	fers In	ı						
	General	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Water					Sewer	Internal Service	Total Transfers Out
Transfers:										
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 1,985	\$	3,141	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 305	\$ 5,431
ARPA Covid	-	-		-		375		375	-	750
Nonmajor Governmental	351	1,740		-		-		-	-	2,091
Water	643	-		-		-		-	-	643
Sewer	603	-		-		100		-	-	703
Sanitation	118	300		700		-		-	-	1,118
Internal Service	-	5		-		-		-	-	5
Total Transfers In	\$ 1,715	\$ 4,030	\$	3,841	\$	475	\$	375	\$ 305	\$ 10,741

General Fund transfers are made in accordance with budget appropriations and authorized allocation transfers. The General Fund transfers to other funds are primarily for the purpose of establishing local funding for capital projects to reduce bonding. Transfers are used to move unrestricted general fund revenues to fund various programs that must be accounted for separately in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Additions Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year			
Governmental Activities:								
Bonds Payable:								
General Obligation Bonds	\$	102,400	\$ 20,000	\$ (10,105)	\$	112,295	\$	9,130
Deferred Amounts		7.044	4.044	(4.050)		7.400		
for Issuance Premiums		7,214	1,344	(1,359)		7,199		-
General Obligation Bonds - Direct Placement		27,130		(1,055)		26,075		2,260
Deferred Amounts		27,130	-	(1,055)		20,073		2,200
for Issuance Premiums -								
Direct Placement		1,619	-	(225)		1,394		_
Total		138,363	21,344	(12,744)		146,963		11,390
Other Liabilities:								
Claims and Judgments		8,295	33,926	(34,220)		8,001		4,871
Compensated Absences		10,928	3,208	(4,204)		9,932		3,972
Lease Payable		717	-	(326)		391		121
Subscriptions Payable		-	1,208	(781)		427		306
Net Pension Liability		92,727	11,078	-		103,805		-
Net OPEB Liability		170,457	 	 2,528		172,985		
Total Governmental Activities								
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	421,487	\$ 70,764	\$ (49,747)	\$	442,504	\$	20,660
Business-Type Activities:								
Clean Water Notes	\$	24,250	\$ -	\$ (2,668)	\$	21,582	\$	2,722
Lease Payable		29	-	(27)		2		1
Subscriptions Payable		-	26	(16)		10		5
Landfill		24,338	9,542	-		33,880		-
Compensated Absences		726	-	(67)		659		278
Net Pension Liability		3,706	 5,037	 _		8,743		
Total Business-Type Activities								
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	53,049	\$ 14,605	\$ (2,778)	\$	64,876	\$	3,006

The liability for the governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated normally by the General Fund at 75%, and the Fire District at 23%. The remaining 2% is liquidated by other governmental funds and the internal service funds. The net pension liability and net OPEB liability for governmental funds are normally liquidated by the General Fund.

Bonds Payable

The annual requirements to amortize bonds payable as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

		Governmental Activities					Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ending		Publicly Sold				Direct Placements					
<u>June 30,</u>	F	Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest				
2024	\$	9,130	\$	4,208	\$	2,260	\$	618			
2025		8,840		3,802		2,560		567			
2026		8,895		3,368		2,520		511			
2027		8,950		2,938		2,490		450			
2028		8,040		2,538		2,105		695			
2029-2033		30,090		8,976		9,640		1,228			
2034-2038		28,100		4,101		2,500		488			
2039-2043		10,250		875		2,000		120			
Total	\$	112,295	\$	30,806	\$	26,075	\$	4,677			

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Bonds Payable (Continued)

Governmental fund bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.5% and mature in fiscal years ending 2024 through 2043. These obligations are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government and will be paid from General Fund revenues. During the year, general obligation bonds totaling \$20,000 were issued.

Clean Water Fund Loans

During 2013, 2016, 2017 and 2021, the Town entered into a total of four project loan agreements with the state of Connecticut for Clean Water Projects. As of June 30, 2023, the Town has received total financing of \$40,683. At the completion of the respective projects the notes above were converted to Project Loan Obligations at 2% interest with the latest note maturing in 2037. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2023 is \$21,582 and is included in business-type activities in the table above. The annual requirements to amortize clean water notes as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

		Business-Type Activities				
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Pr	incipal	In	terest		
2024	\$	2,722	\$	407		
2025		2,776		352		
2026		2,832		295		
2027		2,889		238		
2028		2,948		180		
2029-2033		6,685		237		
2034-2038		552		43		
2039-2043		178_		4_		
Total	\$	21,582	\$	1,756		

Lease Liability

The Town leases equipment and buildings for various terms under long-term, noncancelable, lease agreements. These leases expire at various dates through August 2028. The future minimum lease payments under lease agreements are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities			
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2024	\$	121	\$	5	\$	1	\$	-
2025		108		4		1		-
2026		43		3		-		-
2027		21		2		-		-
2028		19		2		-		-
Thereafter		79		4				
Total	\$	391	\$	20	\$	2	\$	

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Lease Liability (Continued)

Right-to-use assets acquired through outstanding leases are shown below, by underlying asset class.

	_	rnmental tivities	Business-Type Activities		
Buildings	\$	244	\$	-	
Equipment		434		3	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(265)		(1)	
Total	\$	413	\$	2	

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The Town has entered into subscription based-information technology arrangements (SBITAs). The SBITA arrangements expire at various dates through 2026 and provide for renewal options.

As of June 30, 2023, SBITA assets net of the related accumulated amortization totaled \$784 and \$10 for Governmental activities and Business-type activities, respectively.

The future subscription payments under SBITA agreements are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities			
<u>June 30,</u>	Pri	Principal		Interest		cipal	Inte	rest	
2024	\$	306	\$	10	\$	5	\$	-	
2025		113		2		5		-	
2026		8							
Total	\$	427	\$	12	\$	10	\$	-	

General Obligation Bonds - Advance Refunding

In a prior year, the town refunded debt by issuing Refunding bonds whose proceeds were deposited in an irrevocable trust fund under an escrow agreement between the Escrow Agent and the Town. The Escrow Agent will use such proceeds to purchase a portfolio of the United States Treasury State and Local Government Securities. All investment income on and the maturing principal of the escrow securities held in the escrow deposit fund will be irrevocably deposited by the Town for payment of the refunded bonds. As of June 30, 2023, the amount of defeated debt outstanding from this refunding was \$3,050, and the escrow balance is \$3,110. This amount is removed from the governmental activities' column of the statement of net position.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Bond Anticipation Notes

The following is a schedule of bond anticipation note activity for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Business-Type Activities							
		Nater	(Sewer		Total		
Balance - July 1, 2022	\$	7,399	\$	5,686	\$	13,085		
Issued		7,598		6,698		14,296		
Retired		(7,399)		(5,686)		(13,085)		
Balance - June 30, 2023	<u>\$</u>	7,598	\$	6,698	\$	14,296		

The above notes carry an interest rate of 3.75% and mature on February 15, 2024. The business-type activities short-term financing was issued for various water system and quality improvements, water system meters and wastewater treatment system.

Debt Limitation

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

	Debt			
Category	 Limit		ebtedness	 Balance
General Purpose	\$ 347,758	\$	119,879	\$ 227,879
Schools	695,516		57,811	637,705
Sewers	579,596		-	579,596
Urban Renewal	502,317		-	502,317
Pension Deficit	463,677		-	463,677

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times the prior year annual receipts from taxation, or \$1,081,913. At June 30, 2023, authorized and unissued debt amounted to \$73,436, including several public works projects, school renovations and the Broad Street redevelopment.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 9 FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

			Major Funds			
	•		ARPA	Education	Nonmajor	
	0 1	Capital	COVID	Special Grants	Governmental	T
Fund Balances:	General	Projects	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 160	160
•	•	5 -	5 -	Ъ -	\$ 160 17	
Prepaid Expenditures	30	-	-	-	17	47
Restricted for:					0.044	0.044
Unspent Grant Balances	-	-	-	-	2,941	2,941
Capital Projects	-	2,014	-	-	-	2,014
Recreation Activities	-	-	-	-	23	23
Libraries	-	-	-	-	6,285	6,285
Cemeteries	-	-	-	-	1,296	1,296
Education Programs	-	-	-	-	233	233
Committed to:						
Education	2,060	-	-	-	-	2,060
Fire District Operations	-	-	-	-	1,904	1,904
Climate Resiliency	-	-	-	-	700	700
Police Special Services	-	-	-	-	975	975
Workspace	-	-	-	-	112	112
Municipal Innovation	-	-	-	-	310	310
Recreation	-	-	-	-	168	168
Student Activities	-	-	-	-	777	777
School Food Service	-	-	-	-	2,852	2,852
Senior Center Activities	-	-	-	_	112	112
Downtown District	-	-	-	_	225	225
Emergency Employment	-	-	_	-	37	37
Police Department Health						
and Welfare	_	_	_	_	21	21
Community Use of Schools	_	_	_	_	6	6
Assigned to:					· ·	· ·
Subsequent Year's Budget	2,500	_	_	_	_	2,500
Purchases on Order	338	_	_	_	_	338
Education	600					600
Legal Ads and Fees	175					175
Revaluation	250		_	_	_	250
DPW Vehicles and Equipment	200	_	_	_	_	200
	500	-	-	-	-	500
Assessment Appeals	500	-	-	-	-	500
Retros/Collective Bargaining		-	-	-	-	
DPW Snow Contingency	150	-	-	-	-	150
Potential State						4 00-
Reimbursement Loss	1,000	(07.75-)	(0==)	(0.5.1)	-	1,000
Unassigned	24,976	(27,727)	(378)	(831)	-	(3,960)
Total Fund Balances	\$ 33,279	\$ (25,713)	\$ (378)	\$ (831)	\$ 19,154	\$ 25,511

Significant encumbrances of \$78, \$31, \$223 and \$6 at June 30, 2023 for General Government, public works, public safety and Human Services, respectively at June 30, 2023 are contained in the above table in the assigned category of the General Fund.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 10 TAX ABATEMENTS

As of June 30, 2023, the Town provides tax abatements through multiple programs:

- 444 Tolland Turnpike Abatement Agreement
- 61 Chapel Road Tax Abatement Agreement

The 434 Tolland Turnpike tax abatement agreement provides a real property tax abatement to promote capital expenditures for the relocation of a company headquarters to the Town. Under the terms of the agreement, a minimum of \$20,000 must be spent on the property for the capital improvements. The company shall also use best efforts to employ at least 326 full-time jobs within Connecticut. In doing so, the property owner shall receive an abatement of 100% for grand list years 2017 through 2019, 90% for the 2020 grand list, 80% for the 2021 grand list, 75% for the 2022 grand list and 70% for the 2023 grand list. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, taxes abated through this program totaled \$232. In the event of default in accordance with the terms of the agreement, the agreement shall be considered null and void with all abated taxes to date due back to the Town. No other commitments have been made by the Town to the abatement recipient under this program.

The 61 Chapel Road tax abatement agreement provides a real property tax abatement to promote capital expenditures for the expansion of the warehouse and distribution center. Under the terms of the agreement, \$13,000 was estimated to be spent on the property for capital improvements. The company also projected to generate 50 new jobs. In doing so, the property owner shall receive a fixed assessment of the property for four years for grand list years 2019 through 2022. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, taxes abated through this program totaled \$55. In the event of default in accordance with the terms of the agreement, the agreement shall be considered null and void with all abated taxes to date due back to the Town. No other commitments have been made by the Town to the abatement recipient under this program.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 11 RISK MANAGEMENT

On July 1, 1983, the Town established the Manchester Self-Insurance Program (MSIP) and the Town of Manchester Medical Insurance Fund (TOMMIF) to account for and finance its uninsured risk of loss. TOMMIF provides the payment of administrative costs and claims. MSIP provides for the purchase of insurance and services, and the payment of costs and claims associated with workers' compensation, automobile liability and general liability. These funds are accounted for as Internal Service Funds.

TOMMIF

Effective July 1, 2007, the Town's self-insurance medical insurance plan is administered by CIGNA Healthcare. The fund is obligated to pay medical claims for participants. The Town has contracted with CIGNA for stop loss and has an individual stop loss for claims over \$500.

MSIP

The Town's self-insured program is administered by a third-party administrator and has a self-insured retention (SIR) of \$500 per occurrence for general liability, auto liability and workers' compensation. The Town purchases excess insurance from commercial carriers to provide coverage in excess of the SIR, and for other risks of loss that are not self-insured risks. The Town has not exceeded the SIR for self-insured risks, nor have they exceeded commercial coverage for insured risks in any of the past three fiscal years. All funds of the Town participate in the program and make payments to the Risk Management Fund based on estimates of the amount needed to pay prior and current year claims.

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year for medical insurance, workers' compensation, or liability insurance.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, for the TOMMIF and MSIP funds are as follows:

	T	2022 OMMIF	Т	2023 OMMIF	2022 MSIP	2023 MSIP
Unpaid Claims - July 1 Incurred Claims (Including IBNR) Claim Payments	\$	2,923 29,945 (29,976)	\$	2,892 31,268 (31,199)	\$ 7,027 1,517 (3,141)	\$ 5,403 2,658 (3,021)
Unpaid Claims - June 30	\$	2,892	\$	2,961	\$ 5,403	\$ 5,040

The claim reserves reported in both the TOMMIF and MSIP funds are based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of pay-outs and other economic and social factors.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 12 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation and Unasserted Claims

The Town is a party to various legal proceedings that involve claims against the Town. In those cases where a loss is probable and measurable, a liability has been recorded in the self-insurance fund. It is the opinion of Town management and the Town attorney that the ultimate resolution of remaining litigation will not have a material effect on the financial position of the Town.

Federal and State Assistance Programs – Compliance Audits

The Town has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditure disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, Town management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

NOTE 13 JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The Town, in conjunction with six other municipalities, established the Capital Region East Operating Committee (CREOC) to administer a regional household hazardous waste collection and disposal program. CREOC is comprised of one representative from each participating community with a population of less than 30,000 and two representatives from each participating community with a population of 30,000 or more. The participating communities have agreed that the Regional Household Hazardous Waste collection facility will be established on premises located in and owned by the Town. The Town has also been hired by CREOC as Project Administrator/Coordinator to perform administrative services and coordinate the day-to-day operations of the collection program. Except for an obligation to appropriate funds and pay its assessments in amounts necessary to fulfill its obligations pursuant to the agreement establishing CREOC, no participating community has any obligation, entitlement, or residual interest. The Town paid an assessment of \$14 to CREOC during the year ended June 30, 2023.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 14 LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST CLOSURE CARE COSTS

The Town owns and operates a landfill site located off Olcott Street. State and federal law will require the Town to close the landfill once its capacity is reached and to monitor and maintain the site for 30 years subsequent to closure. Under the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 18, Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post closure Care Costs, the Town recognizes a portion of the closure and post closure care costs in each operating period even though actual payments will not occur until the landfill is closed. The amount recognized each year to date is based on the landfill capacity used as of the balance sheet date. As of June 30, 2023, the Town had recorded a liability of \$33,880 in the Sanitation Enterprise Fund that represents the amount of costs reported to date based on the estimated 88% of landfill capacity used to date. The remaining estimated liability for these costs is \$4,620 that will be recognized as the remaining capacity is used (estimated to reach capacity in 2030 based on usage in the past calendar year). The estimated costs of closure and post closure care are subject to changes such as the effects of inflation, revision of laws and other variables.

NOTE 15 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Post-Retirement Medical Program

A. Plan Description

The Town, in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, is committed to providing health and other benefits to certain eligible retirees and their spouses through the Post-Retirement Medical Program (RMP), a single-employer plan. The RMP covers Town, Board of Education, Police and Fire employees. Retired program members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified percentages towards the cost of receiving those benefits under the Town's self-insured medical benefits program. The percentage contribution of the employees and retirees for these benefits vary and are detailed within the Town's various bargaining agreements. The Town does not issue a separate stand-alone financial statement for this plan.

At July 1, 2022, plan membership consisted of the following:

Active Employees	1,453
Retirees	793
Beneficiaries	31
Spouses of Retirees	376_
Total	2,653

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 15 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Post-Retirement Medical Program (Continued)

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the RMP are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are paid by the Town.

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned.

Funding Policy

The Town funding and payment of postemployment benefits were accounted for in both the General Fund and in an Internal Service Fund on a pay-as-you-go basis through June 30, 2009. On June 15, 2009, the Town established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with postemployment benefits in accordance with GASB guidelines. As of June 30, 2009, an initial deposit of \$100 was made into the trust. The Town is currently developing a funding strategy to provide for normal cost and the amortization of the accrued liability. The Town anticipates a commitment to fund normal cost and a long-term approach to the amortization of the actuarial accrued liability. The goal is to absorb, within the budgetary process, the actual cost of benefits in the determination of the costs of providing services to taxpayers.

The Town's funding strategy for postemployment obligations are based upon characteristics of benefits on 17 distinct groups of employees established within their respective collective bargaining units and include the following:

- Eligibility for benefits range from 15 to 25 years of service at time of retirement determined by collective bargaining unit and date of hire.
- Medical benefits funded by the Town range from 100% cost of coverage for the
 retiree and dependents up until the employee's death, 100% coverage for retiree
 only or 50% coverage for retirees depending on date of hire and collective
 bargaining unit. Some employees, depending upon date of hire, contribute equal
 to that set forth for active employees within their bargaining unit.
- Life insurance ranging from \$4,000 to \$6,000 (amounts not rounded).

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 15 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Post-Retirement Medical Program (Continued)

C. Investments

Investment Policy

The RMP's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Pension Board. It is the policy of the Town to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The fund is currently invested solely in U.S. Treasury securities as the Town is not fully prefunding its OPEB benefits and is currently serving as a pass-through for paying current OPEB benefits.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 10.28%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

D. Net OPEB Liability of the Town

The Town's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The components of the net OPEB liability of the Town at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 177,201
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	4,216
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 172,985

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

2.38%

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Graded by Age; Scale Varies by Group
Discount Rate 3.65%, Linked to the Municipal Bond Index

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 15 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Post-Retirement Medical Program (Continued)

D. Net OPEB Liability of the Town (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality assumption was updated to use the MP-2021 Ultimate Scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The target allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the major asset class as of June 30, 2023 is summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term
Target	Expected Real
Allocation	Rate of Return
2.21 %	0.21 %
36.37	1.95
48.75	5.57
12.67	6.40
100.00 %	
	Allocation 2.21 % 36.37 48.75 12.67

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.65% and is based on the municipal bond index. Under GASB Statement 75, the use of a 20-year quality municipal bond yield or index rate may be used in periods where the fiduciary net position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to cover future benefit payments of current plan members and the municipal bond-based rate was utilized.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 15 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Post-Retirement Medical Program (Continued)

E. Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	To	tal OPEB	Plan	Fiduciary	Net OPEB	
		Liability	Net	Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)
Balances - July 1, 2022	\$	174,233	\$	3,776	\$	170,457
Changes for the Year:						
Service Cost		5,563		-		5,563
Interest		6,226		-		6,226
Effect of Assumption Changes						
or Inputs		(5,020)		-		(5,020)
Benefit Payments		(7,924)		(7,924)		_
Net Investment Income		-		391		(391)
Employer Contributions		-		7,924		(7,924)
Employee Contributions		-		49		(49)
Administrative Expenses		<u>-</u>				
Net Changes		2,968		440		2,528
Balances - June 30, 2023	\$	177,201	\$	4,216	\$	172,985

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		Curre	ent Discount		
1%	Decrease		Rate	1%	Increase
	(2.65%) (3		(3.65%)		(4.65%)
\$	197,791	\$	172,985	\$	152,772

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Trend					
	1% Decrease		Rate		1% Increase	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	150,050	\$	172,985	\$	201,702

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 15 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Post-Retirement Medical Program (Continued)

F. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized OPEB expense (revenue) of \$(2,950). At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred offlows of desources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Change in Assumptions or Other Inputs Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings	\$	3,595 24,688 -	\$	27,390 108,643 17	
Total	\$	28,283	\$	136,050	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2024	\$ (14,538)
2025	(15,481)
2026	(25,215)
2027	(25,370)
2028	(25,318)
Thereafter	 (1,845)
Total	\$ (107,767)

Other Postemployment Benefit - Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan

A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents, or supervisors engaged in service of public schools plus professional employees at state schools of higher education are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan (TRS-RHIP), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB), if they choose to be covered.

Chapter 167a of the state statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 15 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

B. Benefit Provisions (Amounts Not Rounded)

There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the system. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member who is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A and B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$220 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$220 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, and any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute. A subsidy amount of \$440 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost and contributes at least \$440 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member who is currently participating in Medicare Parts A and B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A and B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans. Effective July 1, 2018, the System added a Medicare Advantage Plan option. Active members, retirees and the state pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits) under the Medicare Advantage Plan. Retired members who choose to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan are responsible for the full difference in the premium cost between the two plans. Additionally, effective July 1, 2018, retired members who cancel their health care coverage or elect to not enroll in a CTRB sponsored health care coverage option must wait two years to re-enroll.

C. Survivor Health Care Coverage (Amounts Not Rounded)

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$220 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 15 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

<u>Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

D. Eligibility

Any member who is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the plan.

Credited Service

One month for each month of service as a teacher in Connecticut public schools, maximum 10 months for each school year. Ten months of credited service constitutes one year of Credited Service. Certain other types of teaching services, state employment, or wartime military service may be purchased prior to retirement if the member pays one-half the cost.

Normal Retirement

Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Early Retirement

Age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service, or 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service.

Proratable Retirement

Age 60 with 10 years of Credited Service.

Disability Retirement

No service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty, and five years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty.

Termination of Employment

Ten or more years of Credited Service.

E. Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the state of Connecticut are approved, amended, and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The state contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The state appropriates from the General Fund one third of the annual costs of the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are financed by the state. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10-183t of the Connecticut statutes, it is assumed the state will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 15 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

<u>Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

E. Contributions (Continued)

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the state was \$276 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

Employees/Retirees

The cost of providing plan benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis as follows: active teachers' pay for one-third of the plan costs through a contribution of 1.25% of their pensionable salaries, and retired teachers pay for one-third of the plan costs through monthly premiums, which helps reduce the cost of health insurance for eligible retired members and dependents.

F. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the state pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town was as follows:

Town's Proportionate Share of the	
Net OPEB Liability	\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB	
Liability Associated with the Town	 21,671
Total	\$ 21,671

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2023, the Town has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$1,306 in Exhibit II.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 15 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

G. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Health care costs trend rate

Known increases until calendar year

2024 then general trend decreasing to an

Ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2031
Salary increases 3.00% to 6.50%, Including Inflation
Investment rate of return 3.53%, Net of OPEB Plan Investment

Expense, Including Inflation

Year fund net position will

be depleted 2027

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2019.

The changes in the assumptions since the prior year are as follows:

- Discount rate changed from 2.17% to 3.53%;
- Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience;
- The assumed age-related annual percentage increases in expected annual per capita health care claim costs were updated;
- Long-term health care cost trend rates were updated; and
- The percentages of participating retirees who are expected to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan and the Medicare Advantage Plan options were updated to better reflect anticipated plan experience.

The changes in the benefit terms since the prior year are as follows:

• There was a change in the maximum monthly subsidy amounts offered to retirees and their dependents from \$110/\$220 to \$220/\$440.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 15 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

G. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 75 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The plan is 100% invested in U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) for which the expected 10-Year Geometric Real Rate of Return is (0.98%).

H. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.53%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection was based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022.

In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Annual State contributions were assumed to be equal to the most recent fiveyear average of state contributions toward the fund.

Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2027 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent rate.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 15 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

<u>Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan</u> (Continued)

I. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate and the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the state of Connecticut.

J. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Annual Comprehensive Financial Report at www.ct.gov.

K. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

Pension Trust Fund

The Town is the administrator of a single-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) established and administered by the Town to provide pension benefits for its employees. The PERS is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial reports as a pension trust fund. The PERS was established by Town Ordinance, Section 11 Article III of the Town of Manchester Code of Ordinances, which can be amended by legislative action. Article III establishes PERS benefits, member contribution rates and other plan provisions. The PERS does not issue a stand-alone report.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

PERS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due; investment income is recognized when earned. Expenses (benefits, administration, and refunds of contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized as earned.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

B. Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The Town of Manchester Retirement System covers substantially all Town employees except for certified teachers of the Board of Education and the regular members of the Fire Department. Participants are fully vested after five years of service. Employees who retire at normal retirement age receive a benefit equal to 2% (2.5% for Police) of their highest average three years' wages times the number of years of service. Normal retirement age for police officers is the age at which the employee reaches 25 years of service. For all other employees, normal retirement age is 65 for employees hired after July 1, 1995, and either 62 or "Rule of 80" for those employees hired before July 1, 1995. The "Rule of 80" defines normal retirement as the date when years of service and age equal 80. Early retirement benefits are provided at reduced amounts.

At July 1, 2022, plan membership consisted of the following:

Retirees and Beneficiaries	760
Terminated Vested and Other Inactives	67
Active Members	405
Total	1,232

C. Funding Policy

Participants are required to contribute as follows: 8.5% for police employees, 6.4% for public works employees and 5.9% for all other "Rule of 80" employees of their earnings to the PERS. The Town is required to contribute 9.2% (13.9% for police employees) of wages to the PERS. Benefits and employee contributions are fixed by contract and may be amended by union negotiations. Administrative costs of the PERS are financed through investment earnings.

D. Investments

Investment Policy

The Pension Board has adopted an allocation policy/goal. The Pension Board manages the investment mix of the plan by buying and selling assets to maintain an investment mix in line with the Board's allocation policy.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

D. Investments (Continued)

Investment Policy (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table.

The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and long-term expected real rate of return as of June 30, 2023:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Core Fixed Income	37.50 %	1.95 %
U.S. Broad Equity Market	23.00	5.70
Global Equity	4.50	6.49
Non-U.S. Equity	22.00	7.90
Private Real Estate Property	6.00	4.88
Private Equity	3.00	10.92
Hedge Funds - MultiStrategy	4.00	4.28
Total	100.00 %	

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 9.27%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

E. Net Pension Liability of the Town

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 269,167
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 177,438
Net Pension Liability	\$ 91,729

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability

65.92%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60%

Projected Salary Increases Graded by Age, varies by group

Amortization Growth Rate 3.25% Cost-of-Living Adjustments None

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%, Net of Pension Plan Investment

Expense, Including Inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Mortality Table with generational projection per MP-2021 Ultimate Scale.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

F. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)							
	Tot	al Pension	Plar	n Fiduciary	١	Net Pension		
		Liability	Ne	t Position		Liability		
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)		
Balances - July 1, 2022	\$	255,868	\$	170,622	\$	85,246		
Changes for the Year:								
Service Cost		4,076		-		4,076		
Interest on Total Pension Liability		17,580		-		17,580		
Differences Between Expected and								
Actual Experience		10,191		-		10,191		
Changes in Assumptions		(644)		-		(644)		
Employer Contributions		-		7,310		(7,310)		
Member Contributions		-		1,957		(1,957)		
Net Investment Income		-		15,570		(15,570)		
Benefit Payments, Including Refund								
to Employee Contributions		(17,904)		(17,904)		-		
Administrative Expenses		_		(117)		117		
Net Changes		13,299		6,816		6,483		
Balances - June 30, 2023	\$	269,167	\$	177,438	\$	91,729		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate
The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the current
discount rate, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were
calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage
point higher than the current rate:

			(Current		
	1% Decrease Discount Rate				1%	Increase
		(6.0%)		(7.0%)		(8.0%)
Net Pension Liability	\$	121,440	\$	91,729	\$	67,394

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Trust Fund (Continued)

G. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense of \$12,629. At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Business-Type Activities							
		ernmental ctivities	Wate	er Fund	Sewe	er Fund	nitation und	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources:								
Differences Between Expected								
and Actual Experience	\$	6,338	\$	430	\$	148	\$ 90	\$ 7,006
Net Difference Between Projected								
and Actual Earning on Pension								
Plan Investments		7,574		513		177	108	8,372
Changes of Assumptions	_	-		-			 -	-
Total	\$	13,912	\$	943	\$	325	\$ 198	\$ 15,378
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Differences Between Expected								
and Actual Experience	\$	1,873	\$	127	\$	43	\$ 27	\$ 2,070
Net Difference Between Projected								
and Actual Earning on Pension								
Plan Investments		-		-		-	-	-
Changes of Assumptions		844		57		20	 12	933
Total	\$	2,717	\$	184	\$	63	\$ 39	\$ 3,003

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

			Business-Type Activities							
	Gov	ernmental					San	itation		
Year Ending June 30,	A	ctivities	Wat	er Fund	Sew	er Fund	F	und		Total
2024	\$	2,811	\$	191	\$	66	\$	40	\$	3,108
2025		2,381		161		56		34		2,632
2026		6,716		455		157		95		7,423
2027		(713)		(48)		(17)		(10)		(788)
Total	\$	11,195	\$	759	\$	262	\$	159	\$	12,375

Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Manchester firefighters participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). MERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system established by the state of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide pension benefits to employees of participating municipalities. Chapters 7-425 to 7-451 of the State of Connecticut General Statutes, which can be amended by legislative action, establishes MERS benefits, member contribution rates and other plan provisions. MERS is considered to be part of the state of Connecticut's financial reporting entity and is included in the state's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)</u>

A. Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries. Employees are eligible to retire at age 55 with five years of continuous active service, or 15 years of active noncontinuous aggregate service. In addition, compulsory retirement is at age 65 for police and fire members. Employees under the age of fifty-five are eligible to retire with twenty-five years of service.

Normal Retirement (Amounts Not Rounded)

For members not covered by social security, retirement benefits are calculated as 2% of the average of the three highest paid years of service times the years of service. For members covered by social security, retirement benefits are calculated as 1.5% of the average of the three highest paid years of service not in excess of the year's breakpoint plus 2% of average of the three highest paid years of service in excess of the year's breakpoint, times years of service. The year's breakpoint is defined as \$10,700 increased by 6% each year after 1982, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$100. Maximum benefit is 100% of average final compensation and the minimum benefit is \$1,000 annually.

Early Retirement

Members must have five years of continuous or 15 years of active aggregate service. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance on the basis of the average of the three highest paid years of service to the date of termination. Benefits are deferred to normal retirement age, or an actuarially reduced allowance may begin at the time of separation.

Disability Retirement - Service Connected

This applies to employees who are totally and permanently disabled, and such disability has arisen out of and in the course of employment with the municipality. Disability due to heart and hypertension in the case of fire and police, who began employment prior to July 1, 1996, is presumed to have been suffered in the line of duty. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability with a minimum benefit (including worker's compensation benefits) of 50% of compensation at the time of disability.

Disability Retirement – Non-Service Connected

This applies to employees who have 10 years of service and are totally and permanently disabled. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

A. Benefit Provisions (Continued)

Pre-Retirement Death Benefit

The plan offers a lump-sum return of contributions with interest or if vested and married, the surviving spouse will receive a lifetime benefit.

B. Contributions

<u>Member</u>

Contributions for members not covered by social security are 5% of compensation; for members covered by social security, 2.25% of compensation up to the social security taxable wage base plus 5%, if any, in excess of such base. Effective July 1, 2019, member contribution rates are set to increase by 0.5% of compensation each year for six years.

Employer

Participating employers make annual contributions consisting of a normal cost contribution, a contribution for the amortization of the net unfunded accrued liability and a prior service amortization payment, which covers the liabilities of MERS not met by member contributions. In addition, there is also an annual administrative fee per active and retired member. The Town's required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023, was 26.62 percent of annual payroll. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$2,197 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

C. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the Town reports a liability of \$20,819 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured at June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation at June 30, 2022. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation was based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2017. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the Town's proportion was 1.51%. The decrease in proportion from 2022 proportion of 1.58% was 0.07%.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

C. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense of \$4,192. At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources.

Governmental Activities					
De	eferred	De	ferred		
Out	flows of	Infl	ows of		
Re	sources	Resources			
			_		
\$	3,960	\$	359		
	-		-		
	2,540		-		
	-		610		
	2,197		-		
\$	8,697	\$	969		
	Out Re	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 3,960 - 2,540 - 2,197	Deferred De Outflows of Inflores Resources \$ 3,960 \$ - 2,540 - 2,197		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to Town contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Deferred outflows and inflows not related to contributions made after the measurement date will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 rnmental tivities
Year Ending June 30,	
2024	\$ 1,445
2025	1,235
2026	942
2027	 1,909
Total	\$ 5,531

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.50% to 10.00%, Including Inflation Investment Rate of Return 7.00%, Net of Pension Plan Investment

Expense, Including Inflation

Mortality rates were based on:

- RP-2014 Combined Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB for General Employees.
- RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB for Police and Fire.
- For disabled retirees, the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2020 was used.

Future cost-of-living adjustments for members who retire on or after January 1, 2002 are 60% of the annual increase in the CPI up to 6%. The minimum annual COLA is 2.5%; the maximum is 6%.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution statistical analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	37.00 %	6.90 %
Public Credit	2.00	2.90
Core Fixed Income	13.00	0.40
Liquidity Fund	1.00	(0.40)
Risk Mitigation	5.00	0.10
Private Equity	15.00	11.20
Private Credit	10.00	6.20
Real Estate	10.00	6.30
Infra. & Natural Resources	7.00	7.70
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease (6.00%)		Discount Rate (7.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)		
Town's Proportionate Share of				,			
the Net Pension Liability	\$	28,788	\$	20,819	\$	14,136	

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension

A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents, or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiple employers defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the state statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

B. Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the three years of highest salary).

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension

B. Benefit Provisions (Continued)

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

C. Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the state of Connecticut are approved, amended, and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the state of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the state was \$19,509 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Effective January 1, 2018, the required contribution increased to 7% of pensionable salary.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the state pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's Proportionate Share of the

Net Pension Liability

State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension

Liability Associated with the Town

Total

\$ 247,447

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2023, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$23,916 in Exhibit II.

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.00% to 6.50%, Including Inflation Investment Rate of Return 6.90%, Net of Pension Plan Investment

Expense, Including Inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 an above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Assumption changes since the prior year are as follows:

• There were no changes in assumptions that affected the measurement of the TPL since the prior measurement date.

Benefit changes since the prior year are as follows:

 Legislation was passed restoring the 25% wear down of Plan N benefits to vested members as of June 30, 2019.

Cost-of-Living Allowance

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007 and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The current capital market assumptions and the target asset allocation as provided by the State of Connecticut Treasurer's Office are summarized in the following table:

	Expected	Target
Asset Class	Return	Allocation
Domestic Equity Fund	5.40 %	2.00 %
Developed Market Intl. Stock Fund	6.40	11.00
Emerging Market Intl. Stock Fund	8.60	9.00
Core Fixed Income Fund	0.80	13.00
Private Credit	6.50	5.00
Emerging Market Debt Fund	3.80	5.00
High Yield Bond Fund	3.40	3.00
Real Estate Fund	5.20	19.00
Private Equity	9.40	10.00
Alternative Investments	3.10	3.00
Liquidity Fund	(0.40)	2.00
Total		100.00 %

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that state contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the state of Connecticut.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial statements available at www.ct.gov.

I. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

Aggregated Pension Information

The Town recognized the following amounts related to pension plans as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Plan	Net Pension Liability		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		Pension Expense	
Public Employee Retirement System:								
Governmental Activities	\$	82,986	\$	13,912	\$	2,717	\$	11,425
Business-Type Activities		8,743		1,466		286		1,204
Municipal Employees' Retirement System: Governmental Activities Connecticut Teachers Retirement System:		20,819		8,697		969		4,192
Governmental Activities		_		_		-		23,916
Total	\$	112,548	\$	24,075	\$	3,972	\$	40,737
Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$	103,805 8,743	\$	22,609 1,466	\$	3,686 286	\$	39,533 1,204
Total	\$	112,548	\$	24,075	\$	3,972	\$	40,737

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Defined Contribution Plans

A. 401(a) Plan

The Town established a defined contribution 401(a) plan effective July 1, 2000 to provide benefits at retirement to certain unaffiliated employees of the Town and Board of Education, and members of the residual and supervisory unions of the Town. The Town Pension Board administers this single employer defined contribution benefit plan. Employees eligible to participate in the defined contribution plan who had an accrued benefit under the defined benefit plan were given the ability to elect to convert the funds to which they were entitled to the defined contribution plan. For these employees, the value of the accrued benefit was converted to a lump sum and transferred to the member's account balance under the defined contribution plan. Employees are required to contribute 6% of covered salary, which are matched by employer contributions of 6% of covered salary. Employees are fully vested in employee contributions and are fully vested after five years in employer contributions.

The value of the plan at June 30, 2023 is \$50,019. There were 990 participants as of June 30, 2023. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, employees contributed \$1,081 (exclusive of lump-sum conversion amounts) and the Town contributed a matching employer contribution of \$1,081. Covered payroll totaled \$18,304. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established by an ordinance approved by the Town's Board of Directors and may be amended by the Board subject to various bargaining unit approvals.

B. 457 Plan

In addition, the Town has a 457-plan available to all employees. The value of the plan at June 30, 2023 is \$37,070. There were 436 participants as of June 30, 2023, and employee contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$1,727. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established by an ordinance approved by the Town's Board of Directors and may be amended by the Board subject to various bargaining unit approvals.

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 17 PENSION AND OPEB TRUST FUND STATEMENTS

	Defined Contribution Pension 401 Pension Retiree Trust Trust Health Care Fund Fund Trust Fund					Total Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds		
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	94	\$	-	\$	94	\$	188
Investments		177,520		50,019		4,122		231,661
Accounts Receivable		60		-		-		60
Prepaid Expenses		1,514						1,514
Total Assets		179,188		50,019		4,216		233,423
LIABILITIES								
Accounts and Other Payables		1		-		-		1
Interfund Payable		1,749		-		-		1,749
Total Liabilities		1,750		-		-		1,750
NET POSITION								
Restricted for OPEB Benefits		-		_		4,216		4,216
Restricted for Pensions		177,438		50,019		<u>-</u>		227,457
Total Net Position	_\$	177,438	\$	50,019	\$	4,216	\$	231,673
		, , , , ,		,		,		- 1

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 17 PENSION AND OPEB TRUST FUND STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

ADDITIONS	Pension Trust Fund		Defined Contribution 401 Pension Trust Fund		Retiree Health Care Trust Fund		Total Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	
Contributions:								
Employer	\$	7,310	\$	2,028	\$	7,924	\$	17,262
Plan Members		1,957		2,154		49		4,160
Total Contributions		9,267		4,182		7,973		21,422
Investment Income (Loss): Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		12,310		3,844		321		16,475
Interest and Dividends Income from Real Estate		2,744		1,994		98		4,836
Investments		516						516
Total Investment Income		15,570		5,838		419		21,827
Total Additions		24,837		10,020		8,392		43,249
DEDUCTIONS								
Benefits		17,904		2,970		7,924		28,798
Administration		117		184		28		329
Total Deductions		18,021		3,154		7,952		29,127
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		6,816		6,866		440		14,122
Net Position - Beginning of Year		170,622		43,153		3,776		217,551
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	177,438	\$	50,019	\$	4,216	\$	231,673

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (IN THOUSANDS)

		Genera	al Fun	d	
	Original Budget	Revised Budget		Actual	Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES					
Property Taxes, Interest and Lien Fees	\$ 155,335	\$ 155,335	\$	154,615	\$ (720)
Intergovernmental Revenue	37,647	37,647		39,466	1,819
Investment and Interest Income	930	930		1,893	963
Licenses, Permits, and Fines	2,485	2,485		3,349	864
Charges for Goods and Services Other	626 134	626 134		629 481	3
Total Revenues	 197,157	 		200,433	 347 3,276
Total Revenues	197,157	197,157		200,433	3,276
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government	6,676	6,676		6,233	443
Public Works	13,983	14,011		12,577	1,434
Public Safety	26,516	26,841		25,563	1,278
Human Services	3,420	3,428		3,271	157
Leisure Services	6,633	6,652		6,162	490
Employee Benefits	4,997	4,997		4,949	48
Education	120,193	120,193		120,186	7
Internal Service Fund Charges	2,734	3,040		3,040	-
Other	575	570		260	310
Debt Service	13,850	13,850		13,893	(43)
Capital Outlay	1,728	 1,978		1,978	
Total Expenditures	 201,305	 202,236		198,112	 4,124
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	(4,148)	(5,079)		2,321	7,400
	,				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	1,922	1,922		1,934	12
Transfers Out	(275)	 (280)		(280)	 -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 1,647	 1,642		1,654	 12
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (2,501)	\$ (3,437)		3,975	\$ 7,412
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				26,906	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR			\$	30,881	

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

The following is an explanation of differences between budgetary revenues and expenditures (RSI-1) and GAAP revenues and expenditures (Exhibit IV):

and Orbit Toverides and experialitates (Exhibit IV).		General Fund
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis - RSI-1 State of Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Pension	\$	202,367
on-behalf contribution for Town teachers is not budgeted. State of Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System OPEB		19,509
on-behalf contribution for Town teachers is not budgeted. Excess cost grant revenue is budgeted as a credit to		276
education expenditures. The Town does not budget for the proceeds from the issuance of		3,921
leases payable Prior year encumbrances cancelled.		1,208 (25)
GAAP Basis - Exhibit IV	<u>\$</u>	227,256
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES		
Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis - RSI-1 State of Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Pension	\$	198,392
on-behalf contribution for Town teachers is not budgeted. State of Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System OPEB		19,509
on-behalf contribution for Town teachers is not budgeted. Excess cost grant revenue is budgeted as a credit to		276
education expenditures. Bond issuance costs on refunding are not budgeted.		3,921
Special Education not budgeted Encumbrances for purchases and commitments ordered but not received are reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year received for financial reporting purposes:		295
June 30, 2022 June 30, 2023 The Town budgets for transfers that are eliminated for GAAP purposes		446 (338)
The Town does not budget for the capital outlay related to the issuance of leases payable		1,208
GAAP Basis - Exhibit IV	\$	223,709

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POST-RETIREMENT MEDICAL PROGRAM LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

	2023			2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability:					,				
Service Cost	\$	5,563	\$	8,105	\$ 12,444	\$ 9,639	\$ 8,212	\$ 9,091	\$ 10,676
Interest		6,226		4,625	8,106	10,045	10,755	10,027	8,667
Effect of Plan Changes		-		-	(2,015)	-	(381)	-	-
Effect of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses		4,123		-	(37,423)	-	(17,334)	-	-
Effect of Assumption Changes or Inputs		(5,020)		(39,865)	(120,518)	65,561	15,493	(12,007)	(33,108)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(7,924)		(9,260)	 (8,637)	(7,797)	(10,297)	(6,570)	(10,771)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		2,968		(36,395)	(148,043)	77,448	6,448	541	(24,536)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		174,233		210,628	 358,671	 281,223	274,775	274,234	298,770
Total OPEB Liability - Ending		177,201		174,233	210,628	358,671	281,223	274,775	274,234
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:									
Contributions - Employer		7,924		9,260	8,637	7,797	12,297	8,313	8,558
Contributions - Member		49		37	16	-	-	-	1,051
Net Investment Income		391		(518)	855	244	165	296	13
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(7,924)		(9,260)	(8,637)	(7,797)	(10,297)	(6,570)	(9,209)
Administrative Expense					 (24)	 (29)	 	 _	 (83)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		440		(481)	847	 215	2,165	2,039	330
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		3,776		4,257	 3,410	 3,195	1,030	(1,009)	 (1,339)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending		4,216		3,776	4,257	 3,410	3,195	1,030	(1,009)
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	172,985	\$	170,457	\$ 206,371	\$ 355,261	\$ 278,028	\$ 273,745	\$ 275,243
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		2.38%		2.17%	2.02%	0.95%	1.14%	0.37%	-0.37%
Covered Payroll	\$	113,753	\$	117,104	\$ 117,104	\$ 105,387	\$ 105,387	\$ 104,340	\$ 95,663
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		152.07%		145.56%	176.23%	337.10%	263.82%	262.36%	287.72%

Notes to Schedule:

Effect of Plan Changes:

None

Effect of Changes of Assumptions:

For all groups, mortality assumption was updated to use the MP-2021 Ultimate Scale.

Healthcare cost trend rates were updated to better reflect anticipated experience

Interest rate increased from 2.21% to 3.54% based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index as of June 30, 2022.

^{*}Note - This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional information will be added as it becomes available.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POST-RETIREMENT MEDICAL PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

	 2023	 2022		2021		2020	 2019		2018	2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 20,154	\$ 18,919	\$	24,823	\$	23,319	\$ 26,339	\$	24,771	\$ 17,205	\$ 16,016	\$ 1,844	\$ 16,825
Determined Contribution	 7,924	 9,260	_	8,637	_	7,797	 12,297	_	8,313	 10,120	 9,702	 11,416	 11,053
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 12,230	\$ 9,659	\$	16,186	\$	15,522	\$ 14,042	\$	16,458	\$ 7,085	\$ 6,314	\$ (9,572)	\$ 5,772
Covered Payroll	\$ 113,753	\$ 117,104	\$	117,104	\$	105,387	\$ 104,340	\$	95,663	\$ 90,703	\$ 54,957	\$ 54,957	\$ 36,149
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	6.97%	7.91%		7.38%		7.40%	11.79%		8.69%	11.16%	17.65%	20.77%	30.58%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: July 1, 2022 Measurement Date: June 30, 2023

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed Amortization Period 15 Years as of July 1, 2022

Amortization Growth Rate 3.50%
Asset Valuation Method Market Value Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Graded by Age; Scale Varies by Group Investment Rate of Return 3.54%, (prior 2.21%) Net of Investment Expense

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS POST-RETIREMENT MEDICAL PROGRAM LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense	10.28%	-12.11%	24.34%	7.66%	5.77%	7.96%	0.85%

^{*}Note - This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional information will be added as it becomes available.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS* (IN THOUSANDS

	2023	2022	 2021	2020	2019	2018
Town's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Associated with the Town	 21,671	21,254	36,737	33,490	33,100	44,841
Total	\$ 21,671	\$ 21,254	\$ 36,737	\$ 33,490	\$ 33,100	\$ 44,841
Town's Covered Payroll	\$ 49,041	\$ 50,386	\$ 47,133	\$ 45,264	\$ 45,264	\$ 42,868
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	9.46%	6.11%	2.50%	2.08%	1.49%	1.79%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in Benefit Terms

There was a change in the maximum monthly subsidy amounts offered to retirees and their dependents from \$110\\$220 to \$220\\$440.

Changes of Assumptions Based on the procedure described in GASB 74, the discount rate used to measure plan obligations for financial accounting purposes as of June 30, 2022 was updated to equal the

SEIR of 3.53% as of June 30, 2022;

Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience;

The assumed age-related annual percentage increases in expected annual per capita health care claims costs were updated;

Long-term health care cost trend rates were updated; and

The percentages of participating retirees who are expected to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan and the Medicare Advantage Plan options were updated to better reflect

anticipated plan experience.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level Percent of Payroll Over an Open Period

Remaining Amortization Period 30 Years

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value of Assets

Investment Rate of Return 3.54%, Net of Investment-Related Expense Including Price Inflation

Price Inflation 2.509

- This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

- The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PUBLIC EMPLOYEE-RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

		2023	 2022	 2021	2020	2019	2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	2014
Total Pension Liability:											
Service Cost	\$	4,076	\$ 4,156	\$ 4,194	\$ 4,196	\$ 4,200	\$ 4,156	\$ 4,225	\$ 4,428	\$ 4,260	\$ 4,408
Interest		17,580	17,507	17,553	16,209	16,019	15,625	15,274	14,860	14,331	13,895
Differences Between Expected and											
Actual Experience		10,191	(3,825)	(2,974)	2,477	(1,427)	1,055	(832)	1,621	1,090	(469)
Changes of Assumptions		(644)	722	(2,935)	12,029	2,978	2,719	-	2,537	2,103	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of											
Member Contributions		(17,904)	(16,972)	(15,976)	(15,454)	(14,624)	(13,975)	(13,527)	(12,688)	 (12,206)	(11,649)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		13,299	 1,588	 (138)	 19,457	7,146	9,580	5,140	 10,758	9,578	6,185
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		255,868	 254,280	254,418	234,961	 227,815	 218,235	 213,095	202,337	 192,759	186,574
Total Pension Liability - Ending		269,167	255,868	254,280	254,418	234,961	227,815	218,235	213,095	202,337	192,759
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:											
Contributions - Employer		7,310	7,214	6,569	6,202	5,868	6,100	5,734	5,244	5,116	5,124
Contributions - Member		1,957	1,982	2,071	2,181	2,248	2,348	2,370	2,414	2,459	2,330
Net Investment Income (Expenses)		15,570	(24,164)	44,946	1,000	8,472	11,709	18,830	(1,414)	4,033	20,493
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of											
Member Contributions		(17,904)	(16,972)	(15,976)	(15,454)	(14,624)	(13,975)	(13,527)	(12,688)	(12,206)	(11,649)
Administrative Expense		(117)	(117)	(170)	(120)	(44)	(36)	(345)	(317)	 (372)	(389)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	<u> </u>	6,816	(32,057)	37,440	(6,191)	1,920	6,146	13,062	(6,761)	(970)	15,909
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		170,622	 202,679	165,239	171,430	169,510	 163,364	 150,302	157,063	 158,033	142,124
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending		177,438	170,622	 202,679	 165,239	171,430	 169,510	163,364	 150,302	157,063	158,033
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	91,729	\$ 85,246	\$ 51,601	\$ 89,179	\$ 63,531	\$ 58,305	\$ 54,871	\$ 62,793	\$ 45,274	\$ 34,726
, ,											
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage											
of the Total Pension Liability		65.92%	66.68%	79.71%	64.95%	72.96%	74.41%	74.86%	70.53%	77.62%	81.98%
Covered Payroll	\$	29,091	\$ 30,971	\$ 32,225	\$ 32,334	\$ 33,094	\$ 33,760	\$ 35,091	\$ 34,913	\$ 34,496	\$ 33,572
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of											
Covered Payroll		315.32%	275.24%	160.13%	275.81%	191.97%	172.70%	156.37%	179.86%	131.24%	103.44%

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN **LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*** (IN THOUSANDS)

	 2023	2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 7,310	\$ 7,214	\$ 6,569	\$ 6,202	\$ 5,850	\$ 6,100	\$ 5,734	\$ 5,244	\$ 5,116	\$ 5,124
Determined Contribution	 7,310	 7,214	 6,569	 6,202	 5,868	 6,100	 5,734	 5,244	 5,116	 5,124
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _	\$ (18)	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Covered Payroll	\$ 29,091	\$ 30,971	\$ 32,225	\$ 32,334	\$ 33,094	\$ 33,760	\$ 35,091	\$ 34,913	\$ 34,496	\$ 33,572
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	25.13%	23.29%	20.38%	19.18%	17.73%	18.07%	16.34%	15.02%	14.83%	15.26%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: July 1, 2022 June 30, 2023 Measurement Date: Valuation Timing:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to

Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method

Remaining Amortization Period

Asset Valuation Method

Inflation

Salary Increases

Investment Rate of Return

Retirement Age

Turnover Mortality

Entry Age Normal

Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Five-year Asymptotic, 20% Corridor

2.50%

Graded by Age, varies by group

7.00%

Graded by Age, varies by group

Rates Based on Service for Police; Age Based Rates for Town and Board of Education Pub-2010 Mortality Table with Generational Projection per MP-2021 Ultimate Scale

Change in Assumptions: None

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of										
Return, Net of Investment Expense	9.27%	-12.04%	27.38%	0.59%	5.02%	7.21%	12.42%	-0.90%	2.42%	14.19%

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS* (IN THOUSANDS)

	 2023	2022	2021	 2020	2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	_	2015
Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ -	\$	-							
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the Town	247,447	195,080	246,310	 214,743	 165,580	 174,213	183,796	129,613		119,801
Total	\$ 247,447	\$ 195,080	\$ 246,310	\$ 214,743	\$ 165,580	\$ 174,213	\$ 183,796	\$ 129,613	\$	119,801
Town's Covered Payroll	\$ 49,041	\$ 50,386	\$ 47,133	\$ 45,675	\$ 45,264	\$ 42,868	\$ 50,964	\$ 45,263	\$	45,410
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	54.06%	60.77%	49.24%	52.00%	57.69%	55.93%	52.26%	59.50%		61.51%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in Benefit Terms Legislation was passed restoring the 25% wear down of Plan N benefits to vested members as of June 30, 2019.

Changes of Assumptions None

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percent of pay, closed, grading to a level dollar amortization method for the June 30, 2024 valuation

Single Equivalent Amortization Period 27.8 years

Asset Valuation Method Four-Year Smoothed Fair

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.00%-6.50%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.90%, Net of Investment Related Expense

- This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.
- The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS* (IN THOUSANDS)

	2023	 2022		2021	 2020		2019	 2018	2017	2016		2015
Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	1.51%	1.58%		1.48%	1.49%		1.51%	1.57%	1.57%	1.52%		1.54%
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 20,819	\$ 11,187	\$	16,459	\$ 16,022	\$	13,974	\$ (3,894)	\$ (2,857)	\$ (4,642)	\$	(5,464)
Town's Covered Payroll	\$ 9,669	\$ 9,188	\$	8,396	\$ 8,596	\$	8,758	\$ 8,224	\$ 7,781	\$ 7,464	\$	7,492
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	215.32%	121.76%	_	196.03%	 186.39%	_	159.56%	-47.35%	-36.72%	-62.19%	_	-72.93%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	68.71%	82.59%		71.18%	72.69%		73.60%	91.68%	88.29%	92.72%		90.48%

*Notes:

⁻ This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available

⁻ The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS* (IN THOUSANDS)

	2023	2022	 2021	 2020	2019	 2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 2,197	\$ 2,014	\$ 2,020	\$ 1,316	\$ 1,483	\$ 1,485	\$ 1,162	\$ 1,169	\$ 1,199	\$ 1,200
Determined Contribution	 2,197	2,014	 2,020	1,316	1,483	1,485	1,162	 1,169	1,199	1,200
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Covered Payroll	\$ 8,253	\$ 9,669	\$ 9,188	\$ 8,396	\$ 8,596	\$ 8,758	\$ 8,224	\$ 7,781	\$ 7,464	\$ 7,492
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	26.62%	20.83%	21.99%	15.67%	17.25%	16.96%	14.13%	15.02%	16.06%	16.02%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: June 30, 2022 Measurement Date: June 30, 2022

The actuarially determined contributions are calculated as of June 30, for the fiscal year ending two years after the valuation date.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level Dollar, Closed

Single Equivalent Amortization Period 20 Years

Asset Valuation Method Five-Year Smoothed Fair Value (20% Write-Up)

Inflation 3.25%

Salary Increases 4.25% to 11.00%, Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return 8.00%, Net of Investment-Related Expense

Change in Assumptions: In 2019, the latest experience study for the System updated most of the actuarial assumptions utilized in the June 30, 2019 valuation

to include: rates of inflation, real investment return mortality, withdrawal, disability, retirement and salary increase adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the experience study

for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2017.

SUPPLEMENTAL, COMBI	NING, AND INDIVIE	DUAL FUND STATEM	MENTS AND SCHE	DULES

GENERAL FUND

The	General	Fund	is the	principal	operating	fund	of the	Town.	It is	used	to	account	for	the	general
oper	ations of	the To	own ex	cept those	e required	to be a	accour	nted for	in ar	nother	fur	nd.			

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS

Grand List	Ta	ollected axes 1, 2022	 _awful Co		ons	•	nsfers To pense	Adjusted Taxes Collectible	Taxes	In:	Colle terest	ien ees	Total	7	collected axes 30, 2023
2021	\$	165,146	\$ 866	\$	1,576	\$	280	\$ 164,156	\$ 161,802	\$	659	\$ 41	\$ 162,502	\$	2,354
2020		2,183	67		61		530	1,659	1,174		257	48	1,479		485
2019		406	31		5		36	396	205		68	4	277		191
2018		245	-		-		17	228	79		34	2	115		149
2017		165	_		_		3	162	32		36	3	71		130
2016		110	_		_		1	109	15		7	1	23		94
2015		80	_		_		1	79	5		2	-	7		74
2014		80	-		-		-	80	3		2	-	5		77
2013		62	_		_		_	62	2		2	-	4		60
2012		53	_		_		_	53	1		2	_	3		52
2011		27	-		-		-	27	2		2	_	4		25
2010		22	-		-		-	22	1		2	_	3		21
2009		22	_		_		_	22	_		_	_	_		22
2008		25	-		-		-	25	2		-	-	2		23
2007		19	-		-		-	19	-		-	-	-		19
				-								 			
Total	\$	168,645	\$ 964	\$	1,642	\$	868	\$ 167,099	163,323		1,073	99	164,495	\$	3,776
				Sus	oense Col	lections	;		370		218	69	657		
				Tota	l Collectio	ns			\$ 163,693	\$	1,291	\$ 168	\$ 165,152		

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are designated or legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The nature and purpose of each Special Revenue Fund is as follows:

	5	- util
Fund	Funding Source Charges for Services	Function Police Traffic Control
Police Special Services Fund Municipal Innovation Fund	Various Sources	Municipal Innovation Programs
Recreation Activities	7	
	Charges for Services State and Federal Grants	Recreation Leisure Programs Educational Purposes
Education Special Grants Fund		
Special Projects Fund	Various Sources	Dedicated Gifts and Grants
Cafeteria Fund	Sale of Food and Grants	School Food Service Program
Student Activity Fund	Charges for Services	After School Activities
Senior Center Activity Fund	Charges for Services	Senior Citizen's Activities
Downtown District Fund	Property Taxes and Charges for Service	Downtown District Activities
Community Use of Schools	Charges for Services	Rental Of School Facilities
Community Development Block Grant Fund	Federal Grants	Community Development Activities
Housing Rehab	Grant and Loan Repayment	Improvement Loans
Neighborhood Housing Predevelopment Fund	Intergovernmental Revenue	Neighborhood Housing Activities
Climate Resiliency Fund	Surplus funds from General fund and Sanitation fund	Storm Emergency Reserve
Miscellaneous Projects	Various Sources	Miscellaneous Projects
Levi Drake Fund	Trust and Investment Income	Library Purposes
Emergency Employment Fund	Trust and Investment Income	General Social Welfare
Mary Cheney Library Fund	Trust and Investment Income	Purchase of Books for the Library
Whiton Library Fund	Trust and Investment Income	Support of Library
•	Trust and Investment Income	
Manchester Police Department Health and Welfare Fund	Trust and Investment Income	Needy Manchester Police and/or Their Survivors
Library Appreciation Fund	Trust and Investment Income	Library Purposes
Foulds Family Foundation	Trust and Investment Income	Recreational Programs
R. B. Bagley Memorial Book Fund	Trust and Investment Income	Purchase of Books for the Library
Trust Funds – Board of Education	Trust and Investment Income	Education Related Purposes
Wilma D. Marlow Fund	Trust and Investment Income	General Support of Library
Newton B. Taggart Fund	Trust and Investment Income	Purchase of Books
East Cemetery Trust Fund	Trust and Investment Income	Perpetual Care
Consolidated Cemetery Trust Fund	Trust and Investment Income	Perpetual Care
	Trust and Investment Income	1
Trust Funds Held at the Board of Education	Trust and Investment Income	Education Related Purposes
Library Trust Fund	Trust and Investment Income	Purchase of Books for the Library

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

Fund	Funding Source	Function
Jarvis Library Fund	Trust and Investment Income	Perpetual Care

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

Special Revenue Funds Police Community Senior Special Work Fire Municipal Special Student Center Development Downtown Community District COVID Projects Cafeteria Activity Activity District Services Space Innovation Recreation Use of Block Grant Housing Fund Fund Activities Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Schools Fund Rehab Fund Fund **ASSETS** Cash and Cash Equivalents 808 186 2,715 2.569 242 1,919 312 \$ \$ 112 115 Investments Accounts Receivable 167 44 5 41 2 14 40 Intergovernmental Receivables 162 773 111 160 Supplies Other Assets 17 Total Assets \$ 2,894 3,543 777 LIABILITIES. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND **FUND BALANCES** Liabilities: Accounts and Other Payable 40 116 526 76 Accrued Liabilities 2 Interfund Payable 5 30 Unearned Revenue 15 Total Liabilities 125 531 Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Fund Balances: Nonspendable 17 160 2,752 130 Restricted 7 5 Committed 2,852 975 112 1,904 310 168 777 112 225 6 Unassigned **Total Fund Balances** 975 112 1,904 310 168 2,769 3,012 777 112 225 6 130 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

						Special	Revenue Funds	1				
ASSETS	Neighb Hou Predeve Fu	sing lopment	Climate Resiliency Fund	Miscellaneous Projects	Levi Drake Fund	Emergency Employment Fund	Mary Cheney Library Fund	Whiton Library Fund	Police Department Health and Welfare Fund	Library Appreciation Fund	Foulds Family Foundation	R.B. Bagley Memorial Book Fund
ASSETS												
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivables Supplies	\$	47 - - -	\$ 700 - - - -	\$ - - - - -	\$ 71 - - - -	\$ 37 - - - -	\$ 1 - - -	\$ 7 1,336 - -	\$ 27 - - -	\$ 8 - - - -	\$ 23 - - - -	\$ 5 - - - -
Other Assets		-										
Total Assets	\$	47	\$ 700	\$ -	\$ 71	\$ 37	\$ 1	\$ 1,343	\$ 27	\$ 8	\$ 23	\$ 5
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts and Other Payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued Liabilities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interfund Payable		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-
Unearned Revenue												
Total Liabilities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted		47	-	-	71	-	1	1,343	-	8	23	5
Committed		-	700	-	-	37	-	-	21	-	-	-
Unassigned								<u> </u>				
Total Fund Balances		47	700		71	37	1	1,343	21	8	23	5
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	47	\$ 700	\$ -	\$ 71	\$ 37	\$ 1	\$ 1,343	\$ 27	\$ 8	\$ 23	\$ 5

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

						Special	Reve	enue Funds				Pe	ermanent Fund		
	-	st Funds Board ducation	Wilma D. Marlow Fund		Newton B. Taggart Fund	East Cemetery Trust Fund		Consolidated Cemetery Trust Fund	Trust Funds Held at the Board of Education	 Library Trust Fund	Total		Jarvis Library Fund	Gov	Total lonmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS															
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivables Supplies Other Assets	\$	101 - - - -	\$	8 \$ - - - -	6 1,383 - - -	\$ 252 710 3	0	\$ 1 330 - - -	\$ 127 - - - -	\$ 215 - - - -	\$ 11,506 3,759 316 1,046 160 17	\$	16 3,663 - - -	\$	11,522 7,422 316 1,046 160 17
Total Assets	\$	101	\$	8 \$	1,389	\$ 969	5 9	\$ 331	\$ 127	\$ 215	\$ 16,804	\$	3,679	\$	20,483
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES															
Liabilities:															
Accounts and Other Payable	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ 778	\$	-	\$	778
Accrued Liabilities		-		-	-		-	-	-	-	26		-		26
Interfund Payable		-		-	105		-	-	-	39	186		284		470
Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	105				 	 40	1,023		284		1,307
Total Liabilities		-		-	105		-	-	-	40	1,023		204		1,307
Deferred Inflows of Resources:															
Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable		-		-	-				-	 <u>-</u>	 22				22
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	·	-		-	-		-	- "	=	-	22		-		22
Fund Balances:															
Nonspendable		-		-	-		-	_	-	-	177		-		177
Restricted		101		8	1,284	968	5	331	127	175	7,383		3,395		10,778
Committed		-		-	-		-	-	-	-	8,199		-		8,199
Unassigned		-			-			-	-		 -		-		
Total Fund Balances		101		8	1,284	96	5	331	127	175	15,759		3,395		19,154
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of															
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	101	\$	8 \$	1,389	\$ 965	5 \$	\$ 331	\$ 127	\$ 215	\$ 16,804	\$	3,679	\$	20,483

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

							Special F	Revenue Funds						
REVENUE	Police Special Services Fund	Work Space Fund	Fire District Fund	Municipal Innovation Fund	Recreation Activities	COVID Fund	Special Projects Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Student Activity Fund	Senior Center Activity Fund	Downtown District Fund	Community Use of Schools	Community Development Block Grant Fund	Housing Rehab
Property Taxes	•	•	¢ 45.000	•	•	•	•	•	•	Φ.	0	•	•	•
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,920	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 84	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Investment Income (Loss)	-	13	-	-	-	202	1,995	4,776	-	-	-	-	372	-
Charges for Goods and Services	17 802	- 155	141 489	-	3 246	-	45	163	589	22	6 78	- 57	-	-
Other	002	12	469	-	4	-	45	40	269	22	70	57	13	-
Total Revenues	819	180	16,550		253	202	2,451	4,979	589	22	168	57	385	
EXPENDITURES														
Current:														
General Government	_	194	_	31	_	_	86	_	_	_	158	_	100	_
Public Works	_	-	_	-	_	_	33	_	_	_	-	_	-	_
Public Safety	678	_	17,189	_	_	166	563	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Human Services	-	_	-	_	_	-	1,677	_	_	16	_	_	284	_
Recreation	_	_	_	-	171	_	28	_	_	-	_	_		_
Library	_	_	_	-	-	_	3	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Education	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	5,279	540	_	_	58	-	-
Internal Service Fund Charges	_	_	772	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	_
Other	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital Outlay	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Total Expenditures	678	194	17,961	31	171	166	2,390	5,279	540	16	158	58	384	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF														
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	141	(14)	(1,411)	(31)	82	36	61	(300)	49	6	10	(1)	1	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES														
Transfers In	-	15	2,856	-	-	-	270	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out			(2,091)											
Total Other Financing					·									
Sources (Uses)		15	765				270							
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	141	1	(646)	(31)	82	36	331	(300)	49	6	10	(1)	1	-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	834	111	2,550	341	86	(29)	2,438	3,312	728	106	215	7	4	130
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 975	\$ 112	\$ 1,904	\$ 310	\$ 168	\$ 7	\$ 2,769	\$ 3,012	\$ 777	\$ 112	\$ 225	\$ 6	\$ 5	\$ 130

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

						Specia	al Revenue Funds					
	Neighborhood Housing Predevelopmer Fund	Climate	Miscellaneous Projects	Levi Drake Fund	Emergency Employment Fund	Mary Cheney Library Fund	Whiton Library Fund	Police Department Health and Welfare Fund	Library Appreciation Fund	Foulds Family Foundation	R.B. Bagley Memorial Book Fund	Trust Funds - Board of Education
REVENUE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Property Taxes	\$ -	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment Income (Loss)	-	-	-	-	1	-	145	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Goods and Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	<u> </u>		-				1				
Total Revenues	-	-	-	-	1	-	145	1	-	-	-	-
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General Government	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works	-		-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety			_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	_
Human Services			_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	_
Recreation			_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Library	_		_	_	_	_	8	_	_	_	_	_
Education	_		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Internal Service Fund Charges	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital Outlay		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Expenditures	-						8					· — -
rotal Expenditures	 	<u> </u>	· — -		· — — -		<u> </u>		· 			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF												
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	-	-	-	1	-	137	1	-	-	-	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES												
Transfers In	_	700	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers Out			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Other Financing			· — -				· — -					· — -
Sources (Uses)		700										
Sources (Uses)		700	· — -		· 		- 		· 			·
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	700	-	-	1	-	137	1	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	47	, <u> </u>		71	36	1	1,206	20	8	23	5	101
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 47	\$ 700	\$ -	\$ 71	\$ 37	\$ 1	\$ 1,343	\$ 21	\$ 8	\$ 23	\$ 5	\$ 101

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

						Special Revenue F	unds				Permanent Fund			
	Mar	Wilma D. Newton B. Marlow Taggart Fund Fund		East Cemetery Trust Fund	Consolidated Cemetery Trust Fund	Trust Funds Held at the Board of Education	Held at the Board		Total	Jarvis Library Fund	Interfund Eliminations	No Gov	Total onmajor /ernmental Funds	
REVENUE Property Taxes	\$		\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$ -	\$ 16,004	\$ -	\$ -	\$	16,004
Intergovernmental	Ф	-	Ф	-	5 -	Ъ -	\$.	-	5 -	7,358	5 -	\$ -	Ф	7,358
Investment Income (Loss)		-		150	- 77	36	•	-	-	7,356 576	397	-		973
• •		-					•	-	-		397	-		
Charges for Goods and Services Other		-		-	12	-		-	-	2,658 567	-	-		2,658 567
		-	-	150					86 86		397		. ——	
Total Revenues		-		150	89	36		-	86	27,163	397	-		27,560
EXPENDITURES														
Current:														
General Government		_		_	-	_		-	_	569	_	_		569
Public Works		_		_	-	_		-	_	33	_	_		33
Public Safety		_		_	-	_		-	_	18,596	_	_		18,596
Human Services		_		_	-	_		-	_	1,977	_	_		1,977
Recreation		_		_	-	_		-	_	199	_	_		199
Library		_		8	-	_		-	27	46	123	_		169
Education		_		_	_	_		_	_	5,877	-	_		5,877
Internal Service Fund Charges		_		_	_	_		_	_	772	_	_		772
Other		_		35	5	3		_	_	43	_	_		43
Capital Outlay		_		_	37	-		_	_	37	_	_		37
Total Expenditures		-		43	42	3			27	28,149	123	-		28,272
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF														
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		107	47	33		-	59	(986)	274	-		(712)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES														
Transfers In		-		-	-	-		-	-	3,841	-	-		3,841
Transfers Out		-		-	-	_		-	-	(2,091)	-	-		(2,091)
Total Other Financing							•							
Sources (Uses)		-		-					-	1,750				1,750
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		107	47	33		-	59	764	274	-		1,038
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		8	1	,177_	918	298	127	7	116	14,995	3,121			18,116
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	8	\$ 1	,284	\$ 965	\$ 331	\$ 127	7	\$ 175	\$ 15,759	\$ 3,395	\$ -	\$	19,154

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT FIRE DISTRICT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FIRE DISTRICT FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (IN THOUSANDS)

			Fire Dist	rict Fur	nd	
	Original Budget	-	Revised Budget		Actual	ariance Over Under)
REVENUES						
Property Taxes, Interest and Lien Fees	\$ 14,317	\$	14,317	\$	14,317	\$
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,603		1,603		1,603	
Investment and Interest Income	10		10		141	131
Licenses, Permits and Fines					-	- (22)
Charges for Goods and Services	575		575		489	(86)
Other	 40.505		40.505		40.550	 - 45
Total Revenues	16,505		16,505		16,550	45
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Public Safety	17,607		18,062		17,187	875
Internal Service Fund Charges	772		772		772	-
Capital Outlay	740		1,740		1,740	_
Total Expenditures	19,119		20,574		19,699	875
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,614)		(4,069)		(3,149)	920
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	2,856		2,856		2,856	-
Transfers Out	 352		352		(351)	 703
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 3,208		3,208		2,505	 703
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 594	\$	(861)		(644)	\$ 1,623
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year					2,550	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR				\$	1,906	

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Information Services Fund: Operation of and staffing for the Town's central data processing facility is supported by contributions from the Town's General, Water, Sewer, Sanitation and Fire Funds.

Manchester Self-Insurance Program (MSIP): All costs associated with the Town's risk management operations are centralized in this fund. Fund income is in the form of prorate contributions from the Town's General, Water, Sewer, Sanitation, Fire and Data Processing Funds.

Town of Manchester Medical Insurance Fund (TOMMIF): All costs associated with the funding and operation of a self-insured employees' health benefits fund.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

(IN THOUSANDS)

	S	ormation ystems Fund	Ins	nchester Self- surance rogram	Ma N In:	own of nchester Medical surance Fund	 Total
ASSETS				_			
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,305	\$	11,214	\$	4,934	\$ 18,453
Investments		-		-		8,204	8,204
Receivables		-		-		750	750
Prepaid Expenses		18		6		213	 237
Total Current Assets		2,323		11,220		14,101	27,644
Noncurrent Assets:							
Capital Assets, Net		280		-		-	280
Total Assets		2,603		11,220		14,101	27,924
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts and Other Payables		3		215		27	245
Claims Payable		-		1,910		2,961	4,871
Compensated Absences Payable		64		20		-	84
Unearned Revenue		-		-		46	 46
Total Current Liabilities		67		2,145	<u> </u>	3,034	5,246
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Claims Payable		-		3,130		-	3,130
Compensated Absences Payable		106		30		-	136
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		106		3,160			3,266
Total Liabilities		173		5,305		3,034	 8,512
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		280		_		_	280
Unrestricted		2,150		5,915		11,067	 19,132
Total Net Position	\$	2,430	\$	5,915	\$	11,067	\$ 19,412

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Sy	Town of Manchester Manchester Information Self- Medical Systems Insurance Insurance Fund Program Fund						Total
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for Services	\$	2,142	\$	4,018	\$	28,946	\$	35,106
Other	·	, -		56	·	1,727	·	1,783
Total Operating Revenues		2,142		4,074		30,673		36,889
OPERATING EXPENSES								
General Operating		2,108		457		1,988		4,553
Claims Expense		-		2,658		31,268		33,926
Depreciation Expense		193						193
Total Operating Expenses		2,301		3,115		33,256		38,672
OPERATING GAIN (LOSS)		(159)		959		(2,583)		(1,783)
NONOPERATING REVENUES								
Interest (Loss) on Investments		72		281		744		1,097
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(87)		1,240		(1,839)		(686)
Transfers In		305		-		-		305
Transfers Out				(5)		<u> </u>		(5)
Total Transfers		305		(5)		-		300
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		218		1,235		(1,839)		(386)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		2,212		4,680		12,906		19,798
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	2,430	\$	5,915	\$	11,067	\$	19,412

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	S	ormation ystems Fund	Ins	nchester Self- surance rogram	Ma N	own of inchester Medical surance Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Users Cash Received from Insurance Proceeds Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Paid to Employees Cash Paid for Insurance Claims and Premiums	\$	2,130 - (881) (1,270)	\$	4,015 56 (297) (157) (2,957)	\$	31,183 - (1,980) - (31,199)	\$ 37,328 56 (3,158) (1,427) (34,156)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash Provided by Other Funds Cash Paid to Other Funds Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital		305		660 - (5)		(1,996) - -	(1,357) 305 (5)
Financing Activities		305		(5)		-	300
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Fixed Assets Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(20) (20)					(20) (20)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest Received Purchase of Investments Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		72 - 72		281 - 281		744 (454) 290	1,097 (454) 643
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		336		936		(1,706)	(434)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		1,969		10,278		6,640	18,887
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	2,305	\$	11,214	\$	4,934	\$ 18,453
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$	(159)	\$	959	\$	(2,583)	\$ (1,783)
Depreciation Expense (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable and Other		193		-		-	193
Prepaid Assets: Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable		(12) (49) - 6		(3) 64 (363) 3		464 8 69	449 23 (294) 9
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue						46	 46
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(21)	\$	660	\$	(1,996)	\$ (1,357)

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION INFORMATION

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

- Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:
- Financial trends information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- Revenue capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- Debt capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017		2016		2015		2014
Governmental Activities:															•			•
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 121,013	\$	108,876	\$	108,876	\$	120,216	\$	111,717	\$	105,818	\$	101,085	\$	89,755	\$	102,486	\$ 104,535
Restricted	44,882		26,771		21,917		2,909		2,934		2,878		2,761		2,485		2,598	2,673
Unrestricted	(333,406)		(330,862)		(334,712)		(311,807)		(284,527)		(273,273)		(260,007)		(18,082)		(30,063)	(29,194)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	(167,511)		(195,215)		(203,919)		(188,682)		(169,876)		(164,577)		(156,161)		74,158		75,021	78,014
Business-Type Activities:																		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	54,934		52,594		52,945		55,799		56,818		55,775		24,194		24,080		27,721	34,104
Unrestricted	25,400		39,086		39,809		37,342		39,455		39,684		68,940		36,181		25,995	15,977
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	80,334		91,680		92,754		93,141		96,273		95,459		93,134		60,261		53,716	50,081
Primary Government:																		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	175,947		161,470		161,821		176,015		168,535		161,593		125,279		113,835		130,207	138,639
Restricted	44,882		26,771		21,917		2,909		2,934		2,878		2,761		2,485		2,598	2,673
Unrestricted	(308,006)	_	(291,776)		(294,903)		(274,465)		(245,072)		(233,589)		(191,067)		18,099		(4,068)	 (13,217)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ (87,177)	\$	(103,535)	\$	(111,165)	\$	(95,541)	\$	(73,603)	\$	(69,118)	\$	(63,027)	\$	134,419	\$	128,737	\$ 128,095

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Schedule prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

⁽²⁾ Fiscal year 2017 restated for GASB No. 75 and capital asset restatement. Information prior to this year has not been restated.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

(I	I IHOUSAND	2
	(UNAUDITED)	

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
EXPENSES										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$ 9,994	\$ 7,786	\$ 8,963	\$ 16,164	\$ 13,645	\$ 13,259	\$ 9,855	\$ 10,809	\$ 7,292	\$ 7,321
Public Works	22,082	24,763	20,479	23,085	22,722	19,795	22,936	20,310	21,410	20,796
Public Safety	43,725	43,404	45,110	55,808	60,164	45,395	43,579	43,086	38,626	36,259
Human Services	5,344	5,017	4,534	4,325	5,003	5,698	4,502	4,934	4,450	4,510
Leisure Services	7,896	7,878	6,872	7,460	7,520	7,396	7,295	7,314	6,889	6,944
Education	196,480	182,349	197,724	182,575	162,410	167,457	161,085	148,446	145,615	137,355
Interest on Long-Term Debt	2,255	2,701	3,592	4,063	3,875	3,405	3,655	3,231	3,322	3,254
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	287,776	273,898	287,274	293,480	275,339	262,405	252,907	238,130	227,604	216,439
Business-Type Activities:										
Water	12,357	7,464	9,394	9,699	9,105	8,302	7,643	7,439	9,290	8,561
Sewer	9,815	7,612	8,515	10,210	7,562	8,445	9,323	7,824	8,686	6,829
Sanitation	18,256	11,468	9,635	8,005	5,589	8,498	7,549	6,220	7,027	5,029
Total Business-Type Services	40,428	26,544	27,544	27,914	22,256	25,245	24,515	21,483	25,003	20,419
Total Primary Government Expenses	328,204	300,442	314,818	321,394	297,595	287,650	277,422	259,613	252,607	236,858
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
General Government	2,552	1,923	1,844	1,440	1,144	1,300	2,704	1,277	1,078	971
Public Safety	1,349	1,555	1,615	1,481	1,867	2,311	2,088	1,990	1,619	1,373
Public Works	1,488	1,542	1,648	1,395	1,702	1,230	1,276	1,515	1,185	984
Leisure Services	493	445	222	235	587	580	661	603	600	671
Human Services	107	110	78	89	95	70	63	87	133	132
Education	918	808	275	629	2,278	2,420	4,996	2,633	2,508	2,391
Operating Grants and Contributions	107,648	90,160	97,205	79,570	62,198	75,448	70,433	64,083	61,633	60,066
Capital Grants and Contributions	20,121	5,933	1,296	17,678	28,150	9,073	6,957	1,229	2,157	4,705
Total Governmental Activities		<u> </u>								
Program Revenues	134,676	102,476	104,183	102,517	98,021	92,432	89,178	73,417	70,913	71,293
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Water	9,491	9,093	9,591	8,872	8,905	8,933	8,966	9,000	8,588	8,291
Sewer	10,347	9,627	10,161	9,091	8,974	8,727	8,641	8,418	8,036	7,775
Sanitation	10,295	9,762	8,685	8,002	9,214	11,433	9,350	10,502	10,219	8,433
Operating Grants and Contributions	-	-	-	-	706	-	6	-	-	-
Capital Grants and Contributions			256					1,066	927	2,080
Total Business-Type Activities					•	•	·	• •		
Program Revenues	30,133	28,482	28,693	25,965	27,799	29,093	26,963	28,986	27,770	26,579
Total Primary Government										
Program Revenues	164,809	130,958	132,876	128,482	125,820	121,525	116,141	102,403	98,683	97,872

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

(IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE Governmental Activities	\$ (153,100)	\$ (171,422)	\$ (183,091)	\$ (190,963)	\$ (177,318)	\$ (169,973)	\$ (163,729)	\$ (164,713)	\$ (156,691)	\$ (145,146)
Business-Type Activities	(10,295)	1,938	1,149	(1,949)	5,543	3,848	2,448	7,503	2,767	6,160
Total Primary Government Net Expense	(163,395)	(169,484)	(181,942)	(192,912)	(171,775)	(166,125)	(161,281)	(157,210)	(153,924)	(138,986)
Total Tilliary Covernment Not Expense	(100,000)	(100,101)	(101,012)	(102,012)	(171,770)	(100,120)	(101,201)	(107,210)	(100,021)	(100,000)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER										
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS										
Governmental Activities:										
Property Taxes	169,092	165,853	164,938	162,944	158,781	153,519	152,067	150,594	146,468	141,608
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to										
Specific Purposes	4,430	4,422	4,003	4,035	3,568	3,865	4,907	3,705	3,996	4,130
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	4,026	(2,020)	3,190	2,480	3,372	2,076	2,148	567	160	1,443
Miscellaneous	1,642	3,205	735	688	865	790	1,433	124	425	507
Transfers	1,614	1,336	1,328	2,010	5,433	1,307	2,813	1,333	1,449	1,630
Total Governmental Activities	180,804	172,796	174,194	172,157	172,019	161,557	163,368	156,323	152,498	149,318
Business-Type Activities:										
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	90	(2,139)	(418)	473	410	(712)	(1,040)	529	402	492
Miscellaneous	473	463	210	354	294	496	322	(154)	1,915	285
Transfers	(1,614)	(1,336)	(1,328)	(2,010)	(5,433)	(1,307)	(2,813)	(1,333)	(1,449)	(1,630)
Total Business-Type Activities	(1,051)	(3,012)	(1,536)	(1,183)	(4,729)	(1,523)	(3,531)	(958)	868	(853)
Total Primary Government	179,753	169,784	172,658	170,974	167,290	160,034	159,837	155,365	153,366	148,465
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS										
Governmental Activities	27,704	1,374	(8,897)	(18,806)	(5,299)	(8,416)	(361)	(8,390)	(4,193)	4,172
Business-Type Activities	(11,346)	(1,074)	(387)	(3,132)	814	2,325	(1,083)	6,545	3,635	5,307
Eddinoso-1 ypo / tod vidos	(11,040)	(1,074)	(507)	(0,102)		2,020	(1,000)	0,040	0,000	0,007
Total Primary Government	\$ 16,358	\$ 300	\$ (9,284)	\$ (21,938)	\$ (4,485)	\$ (6,091)	\$ (1,444)	\$ (1,845)	\$ (558)	\$ 9,479

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

	 2023	 2022	 2021 2020		2020	2020 2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
General Fund:																	
Nonspendable	\$ 30	\$ 38	\$ 38	\$	7	\$	29	\$	8	\$	102	\$	22	\$	65	\$	23
Restricted	-	-	-		-		2,014		-		10		910		910		1,009
Committed	2,060	2,355	2,355		2,500		-		-		-		2		10		17
Assigned	6,213	4,701	4,701		3,612		6,281		4,704		2,606		1,180		1,806		4,410
Unassigned	 24,976	 22,638	 27,126		23,916		21,449		20,966		22,066		21,892		17,820		13,887
Total General Fund	\$ 33,279	\$ 29,732	\$ 34,220	\$	30,035	\$	29,773	\$	25,678	\$	24,784	\$	24,006	\$	20,611	\$	19,346
All Other Governmental Funds:																	
Nonspendable	\$ 177	\$ 207	\$ 125	\$	144	\$	103	\$	73	\$	64	\$	63	\$	832	\$	826
Restricted	12,792	9,795	11,252		9,526		9,444		8,974		8,499		8,429		7,635		8,308
Committed	8,199	8,143	5,735		11,151		5,534		4,816		4,047		5,646		3,569		3,083
Assigned	-	-	-		-		75		75		75		75		-		-
Unassigned	 (28,936)	 (12,570)	 (3,151)		(301)		(111)				(3,197)				(9,507)		(12,788)
Total All Other																	
Governmental Funds	\$ (7,768)	\$ 5,575	\$ 13,961	\$	20,520	\$	15,045	\$	13,938	\$	9,488	\$	14,213	\$	2,529	\$	(571)

Note 1: Schedule prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

	2023	2022		2021	2020		2019		2018	2017		2016		2015		2014
REVENUES																
Property Taxes, Interest and Lien Fees	\$ 170,646	\$ 166,82	2 \$	165,095	\$ 163,507	\$	159,216	\$	153,931	\$ 151,811	\$	151,407	\$	146,500	\$	142,053
Intergovernmental Revenue	109,808	100,38	0	81,709	86,494		79,164		88,140	82,253		67,511		66,799		67,888
Investment and Interest Income	2,929	(1,16	4)	2,162	1,697		2,329		1,743	1,622		257		47		869
Licenses, Permits and Fines	3,349	3,10	3	2,761	2,702		2,737		2,446	2,209		2,514		2,096		1,801
Charges for Goods and Services	3,589	3,36	9	2,478	2,626		4,973		5,527	8,019		5,388		4,781		4,475
Other	1,615	3,18	3	729	696		869		894	1,451		1,757		1,560		1,331
Total Revenues	291,936	275,69	3	254,934	257,722		249,288		252,681	247,365		228,834		221,783		218,417
EXPENDITURES																
General Government	8,430	6,95	8	6,517	6,344		6,075		5,922	5,692		5,801		5,679		5,429
Public Works	12,612	13,14	8	12,560	12,695		13,295		13,409	13,578		13,232		13,835		13,565
Public Safety	41,329	40,70	3	39,338	38,762		37,897		35,901	36,905		34,657		33,469		32,526
Human Services	5,277	4,97	8	4,496	4,311		4,908		5,614	4,415		4,581		4,354		4,145
Leisure Services	6,580	6,37	4	5,473	6,067		6,515		6,352	6,404		6,390		6,213		5,839
Employee Benefits	4,949	4,85		4,641	4,412		3,261		3,106	2,887		2,845		3,045		2,949
Education	180,586	177,48		157,947	155,103		144,007		154,496	151,600		140,528		138,043		130,704
Internal Service Fund Charges	3,507	3,63		3,395	3,251		3,181		3,193	3,276		2,613		2,639		2,554
Other	303	48		482	235		246		256	301		646		674		708
Debt Service:			_													
Principal	11,486	10,27	8	21,920	4,585		3,820		3,640	7,875		7.470		6,794		6,653
Interest	4,311	4,00		(7,242)	9.019		8,796		8,300	3,775		3,284		3,394		3,268
Capital Outlay	46,228	33,52		19,780	23,240		35,665		29,415	31,530		12,318		13,723		15,892
Total Expenditures	325,598	306,42		269,307	268,024	_	267,666		269,604	268,238		234,365		231,862		224,232
EXCESS OF REVENUE UNDER																
EXPENDITURES	(33,662)	(30,72	7)	(14,373)	(10,302)		(18,378)		(16,923)	(20,873)		(5,531)		(10,079)		(5,815)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																
Transfers In	9,586	9,81	1	6,839	7,058		10,821		6,299	6,419		7,271		6,212		6,191
Transfers Out	(8,272)	(8,87		(5,503)	(5,496)		(5,338)		(4,794)	(5,189)		(5,938)		(4,763)		(4,561)
Other	(0,2.2)	(0,0.	-	(0,000)	(0, 100)		(0,000)		(.,. 0 .)	(0,100)		(0,000)		(.,. 55)		(.,00 .)
Issuance of Debt	20,000	15,00	n	10,000	15,000		15,000		20,000	14,500		17,190		12,600		6,500
Issuance of Lease Payable	1,208	1,01		-	-		-		20,000	- 1,000		-		-		-
Issuance of Bond Refunding	-,200	.,	-	17,395	_		_		_	4,365		27,680		_		_
Premium on Bond Refunding	_		_	212	_		_		_	345		4,491		_		_
Payments to Escrow Agent	_		_	(17,527)	_		_		_	(4,680)		(32,087)		_		_
Bond Premium	1,344	1,33	4	1,549	1,491		1,083		772	1,156		2,003		395		780
Total Other Financing Sources	23,866	18,29		12,965	18,053	_	21,566		22,277	16,916	_	20,610	_	14,444	_	8,910
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (9,796)	\$ (12,43	7) \$	(1,408)	\$ 7,751	\$	3,188	\$	5,354	\$ (3,957)	\$	15,079	\$	4,365	\$	3,095
Debt Service as a Percentage of								_							_	
Noncapital Expenditures	4.85%	4.66	%	5.81%	5.45%		5.26%		4.94%	4.86%		4.84%		4.67%		4.76%
N. (1.5570	4.00		3.5170	3. 40 70		3.2370		1.0 170	1.0070		1.0 170		1.07 70		1.1070

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Schedule prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Real P	Property Commercial	Industrial	Personal Property	Motor Vehicle	Less Tax-Exempt Property*	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Town Tax Rate*	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2023*	\$ 2,642,844	\$ 795,629	\$ 220,573	\$ 518,300	\$ 476,713	\$ 169,495	\$ 4,871,668	36.12 %	\$ 7,201,661	67.65 %
2022	2,121,254	1,510,320	195,963	506,477	375,793	580,775	4,129,032	41.93	9,268,409	44.55
2021	2,109,649	1,502,937	195,387	473,169	359,397	571,594	4,071,576	41.87	8,376,178	48.61
2020	2,109,894	1,497,185	187,035	453,692	349,338	570,097	4,027,048	41.70	7,869,459	51.17
2019	2,105,258	1,486,801	187,825	426,472	343,951	550,023	4,000,284	40.91	8,051,748	49.50
2018 *	2,103,389	1,470,320	187,552	412,451	342,427	530,567	3,985,572	39.75	7,393,643	53.91
2017	2,147,033	1,433,421	192,535	424,272	337,487	589,947	3,944,801	39.68	7,085,236	55.37
2016	2,143,382	1,425,166	192,399	408,973	333,291	580,233	3,922,978	39.40	7,234,406	54.23
2015	2,139,303	1,416,315	192,862	374,905	336,969	567,891	3,892,463	38.65	6,856,020	56.77
2014	2,135,785	1,443,682	197,697	381,797	328,511	569,913	3,917,559	37.44	7,009,677	55.89

Source: Town of Manchester Office of Assessment and Collection

Notes: Estimated values are established by the State of Connecticut Office of Policy and Management and the Town of Manchester Assessor's Office

based on the ratio of sales price to assessed value.

General Fund Tax Rate, South Fire District Tax Rate and Special Services District Tax Rate are combined in this report.

^{*} Indicates Revaluation Year

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS GRAND LIST YEARS 2021 AND 2012 (IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

October 1, 2021 October 1, 2012 Percentage Percentage of Total Town of Total Town Taxable Taxable Taxable Taxable Assessed Assessed Assessed Assessed Value Value Value Value Taxpayer Rank Rank 2 Eversouce/CT Light and Power 143,932 1 2.95 % 90.019 2.30 % Shoppes at Buckland Hills, LLC 2 114,159 2.92 91.406 1.88 Northland Pavilions LLC 74,176 1.52 57,009 4 1.46 3 MPT of Manchester PMH, LLC 56,202 4 1.15 PPF WE 1139 Tolland Turnpike LLC 50,634 5 1.04 Manchester Developers LLC/Buckland Developers 5 45.636 6 0.94 39,352 1.00 Manchester Tolland Development Co. 0.65 26,059 6 0.67 31,820 Brixmor 28.650 8 0.59 Waterford Realty LLC 26,417 9 0.54 Manchester Tarragon LLC 26.274 10 0.54 3 J.C. Penney Properties, LLC 69,481 1.77 Gateway Lauren, LLC 24,334 7 0.62 TGM Waterford LLC 22,194 8 0.57 9 Wal-Mart/Sam's Club 21,641 0.55 21,048 10 0.54 Plaza at Buckland Hills \$ 575,147 **Total Taxable Grand List** 485,296

Source: Town of Manchester, Office of Assessment and Collection

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

(IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Town: General	37.16 %	41.93 %	41.87 %	41.70 %	40.91 %	39.75 %	39.68 %	39.40 %	38.65 %	37.44 %
Special Services District: Special Services District	2.88 40.04	2.82 44.81	2.88 44.75	3.05 44.75	6.06 46.97	5.85 45.60	5.83 45.51	5.80 45.20	5.79 43.13	5.69 43.13

Source: Town of Manchester Finance Department

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

(IN THOUSANDS (UNAUDITED)

		Tax	xes Levied	 Collected Fiscal Year	Within the of the Levy	Co	llection	 Total Col to D	
Grand List <u>Year</u>	Tax Rate for the in Mills Fiscal Year			 Amount	Percentage of Levy		bsequent ⁄ears	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2021	36.12	\$	164,432	\$ 161,826	98.42 %	\$	-	\$ 161,826	98.42%
2020	41.93		160,761	157,984	98.27		1,256	159,240	99.05%
2019	41.87		161,986	161,890	99.94		1,552	163,442	100.90%
2018	41.7		158,076	155,796	98.56		718	156,514	99.01%
2017	40.91		152,861	150,433	98.41		1,323	151,756	99.28%
2016	39.75		147,963	144,831	97.88		2,021	146,852	99.25%
2015	39.68		143,948	140,888	98.30		3,199	144,087	100.10%
2014	39.40		142,927	140,499	98.30		2,004	142,503	99.70%
2013	38.65		136,376	133,806	98.12		2,206	136,012	99.73%
2012	37.44		137,283	134,726	98.14		2,177	136,903	99.72%

Source: Tax Collector's Report; Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Note: General Fund Tax Rate, South Fire District Tax Rate and Special Services District Tax Rate are combined in this report.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER CAPITA) (UNAUDITED)

											Ratio of	
		Governmen	tal Act	ivities							Total Direct	Ratio of
		General	D	eferred				Total	Tota	al Direct	Debt to	Total Direct
Fiscal	0	bligation	Am	ount on				Direct	[Debt	Net Taxable	Debt to
Year		Bonds	Pı	remium	Le	eases		Debt	Pei	^r Capita	Grand List	Full Value
2023	\$	138.370	\$	8.593	\$	830	\$	147.793	\$	2.548	3.03 %	1.84 %
2022	·	129,530	•	8,833	,	746	•	139,109	,	2,386	3.35	1.72
2021		141,055		10,276		-		151,331		2,609	3.72	1.88
2020		123,435		10,116		-		133,551		2,303	3.32	1.66
2019		117,420		9,366		-		126,786		2,186	3.15	1.57
2018		119,719		9,079		-		128,798		2,221	3.22	1.74
2017		107,816		9,136		-		116,952		2,016	2.93	1.65
2016		92,090		8,328		-		100,418		1,731	2.55	1.39
2015		84,875		2,323		-		87,198		1,503	2.24	1.27
2014		81,246		2,111		-		83,357		1,437	2.13	1.19
	Year 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	Fiscal Year 2023 \$ 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	Fiscal Year General Obligation Bonds 2023 \$ 138,370 2022 129,530 2021 141,055 2020 123,435 2019 117,420 2018 119,719 2017 107,816 2016 92,090 2015 84,875	Fiscal Year Obligation Bonds Property Services P	Fiscal Year Obligation Bonds Amount on Premium 2023 \$ 138,370 \$ 8,593 2022 129,530 8,833 2021 141,055 10,276 2020 123,435 10,116 2019 117,420 9,366 2018 119,719 9,079 2017 107,816 9,136 2016 92,090 8,328 2015 84,875 2,323	Fiscal Year General Obligation Bonds Deferred Amount on Premium Learn	Fiscal Year General Obligation Bonds Deferred Amount on Premium Leases 2023 \$ 138,370 \$ 8,593 \$ 830 2022 129,530 8,833 746 2021 141,055 10,276 - 2020 123,435 10,116 - 2019 117,420 9,366 - 2018 119,719 9,079 - 2017 107,816 9,136 - 2016 92,090 8,328 - 2015 84,875 2,323 -	Fiscal Year General Obligation Bonds Deferred Amount on Premium Leases 2023 \$ 138,370 \$ 8,593 \$ 830 \$ 2022 2021 141,055 10,276 - - 2020 123,435 10,116 - - 2019 117,420 9,366 - - 2018 119,719 9,079 - - 2017 107,816 9,136 - - 2016 92,090 8,328 - - 2015 84,875 2,323 -	Fiscal Year General Obligation Bonds Deferred Amount on Premium Leases Total Direct Debt 2023 \$ 138,370 \$ 8,593 \$ 830 \$ 147,793 2022 129,530 8,833 746 139,109 2021 141,055 10,276 - 151,331 2020 123,435 10,116 - 133,551 2019 117,420 9,366 - 126,786 2018 119,719 9,079 - 128,798 2017 107,816 9,136 - 116,952 2016 92,090 8,328 - 100,418 2015 84,875 2,323 - 87,198	Fiscal Year General Obligation Bonds Deferred Amount on Premium Leases Total Direct Direct Debt Total Direct Direct Debt Total Direct Direct Debt Image: Description of Debt Debt Debt Permium 2023 \$ 138,370 \$ 8,593 \$ 830 \$ 147,793 \$ 2022 \$ 2022 129,530 8,833 746 139,109 \$ 2021 141,055 10,276 - 151,331 \$ 2020 123,435 10,116 - 133,551 \$ 2019 117,420 9,366 - 126,786 \$ 2018 119,719 9,079 - 128,798 \$ 2017 107,816 9,136 - 116,952 \$ 2016 92,090 8,328 - 100,418 \$ 2015 84,875 2,323 - 87,198	Fiscal Year General Obligation Bonds Deferred Amount on Premium Leases Total Direct Direct Debt Total Direct Per Capita 2023 \$ 138,370 \$ 8,593 \$ 830 \$ 147,793 \$ 2,548 2022 129,530 8,833 746 139,109 2,386 2021 141,055 10,276 - 151,331 2,609 2020 123,435 10,116 - 133,551 2,303 2019 117,420 9,366 - 126,786 2,186 2018 119,719 9,079 - 128,798 2,221 2017 107,816 9,136 - 116,952 2,016 2016 92,090 8,328 - 100,418 1,731 2015 84,875 2,323 - 87,198 1,503	Fiscal Year Governmental Activities Deferred Amount on Premium Leases Total Direct Direct Direct Debt Per Capita Total Direct Debt to Net Taxable Grand List 2023 \$ 138,370 \$ 8,593 \$ 830 \$ 147,793 \$ 2,548 3.03 % 2022 129,530 8,833 746 139,109 2,386 3.35 2021 141,055 10,276 - 151,331 2,609 3.72 2020 123,435 10,116 - 133,551 2,303 3.32 2019 117,420 9,366 - 126,786 2,186 3.15 2018 119,719 9,079 - 128,798 2,221 3.22 2017 107,816 9,136 - 116,952 2,016 2.93 2016 92,090 8,328 - 100,418 1,731 2.55 2015 84,875 2,323 - 87,198 1,503 2.24

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Note: The Town does not have any overlapping debt.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

(IN THOUSANDS (UNAUDITED)

Total Tax Collections (Including Interest and Lien Fees) for the Prior Year													
Reimbursement for Revenue Loss on: State Owned and Private Tax Exemp Property Tax Relief Base for Debt Limitation Computation	State Owned and Private Tax Exempt Properties Property Tax Relief Base for Debt Limitation												
		General Purposes	Urban Renewal	F	Pension Deficit								
Debt Limitation:													
2 1/4 Times Base	\$	347,758	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_			
4 1/2 Times Base		-		695,516		-		-		-			
3 3/4 Times Base		-		-		579,596		-		_			
3 1/4 Times Base		-		-		-		502,317		-			
3 Times Base		_				_				463,677			
Total Debt Limitation		347,758		695,516		579,596		502,317		463,677			
Indebtedness:													
Bonds and Serial Notes Payable		72,279		66,091		_		_		_			
Debt Authorized but Unissued		47,600		25,836		-		-		-			
Grants Receivable				(34,116)						_			
Total Indebtedness		119,879		57,811									
Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding and Authorized Debt	\$	227,879	\$	637,705	\$	579,596	\$	502,317	\$	463,677			
		_:,::0		,		,		,,	<u> </u>	,			

Note 1: In no event shall the total debt exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation. The maximum amount permitted would be \$1,081,913.

Note 2: Bonds and serial notes payable do not include Water serial notes of \$1,854 and Sewer serial notes of \$19,728 as they are self-supporting debt.

Note 3: Sewer bonds authorized and unissued of \$1,400 are excluded from the analysis above as they are self-supporting debt.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF NET DIRECT AND TOTAL OVERALL NET DEBT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Net General Bonded Debt \$ 146,963		W	Less Supporting ater and wer Debt	Net Direct Debt	let Direct Debt er Capita	Ratio of Net Direct Debt to Net Taxable Grand List	Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to the Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
2023	\$	146,963	\$	(21,582)	\$ 125,381	\$ 2,306.17	2.57 %	2.04 %
2022		138,363		(42,635)	140,188	2,336.47	3.39	1.51
2021		151,331		(41,666)	109,665	1,890.78	2.69	1.36
2020		133,551		(47,647)	85,904	1,481.10	2.15	1.07
2019		126,786		(51,186)	75,600	1,303.45	1.90	1.02
2018		128,798		(50,644)	78,154	1,347.48	1.98	1.10
2017		116,952		(17,206)	99,746	1,719.76	2.54	1.38
2016		100,418		(17,209)	83,209	1,434.64	2.14	1.21
2015		87,198		(19,190)	68,008	1,172.55	1.74	0.97
2014		83,357		(15,886)	67,471	1,163.29	1.74	0.95

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Note: The Town does not have any overlapping debt.

(a) See Table 13 for Population Figures

(b) See Table 5 for Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Debt Limitation	\$ 1,081,913	\$ 1,154,657	\$ 1,121,449	\$ 1,088,668	\$ 1,039,241	\$ 1,007,293	\$ 1,012,480	\$ 962,633	\$ 968,408	\$ 885,927
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	 177,690	204,114	 164,652	 184,339	 180,549	159,321	155,248	 149,594	112,488	 116,436
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 904,223	\$ 950,543	\$ 956,797	\$ 904,329	\$ 858,692	\$ 847,972	\$ 857,232	\$ 813,039	\$ 855,920	\$ 769,491
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	16.42%	17.68%	14.68%	16.93%	17.37%	15.82%	15.33%	15.54%	11.62%	13.14%

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report - Statement of Debt Limitation

Note: See Table 10 for Calculation of Current Year Debt Limitation.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (UNAUDITED)

			Personal					
Calendar			ncome (2)		er Capita	Median	School	Unemployment
Year	Population (1)	(in	Thousands)	Inc	come (2)	Age (2)	Enrollment (3)	Rate (4)
2022	59,461	\$	2,399,549	\$	40,355	36.8	6,135	3.50 %
2021	59,693		2,461,262		41,232	36.9	6,153	4.40
2020	57,805		2,162,601		37,412	35.7	6,044	7.60
2019	57,699		2,073,702		35,940	34.9	5,925	3.60
2018	58,172		1,992,042		34,244	36.9	6,169	4.20
2017	57,932		1,907,064		32,919	36.9	6,181	4.50
2016	58,241		2,127,427		36,528	37.1	5,964	5.30
2015	58,007		2,011,857		34,683	36.9	6,239	5.43
2014	58,106		2,015,290		34,683	36.9	6,212	6.55
2013	58,211		1,955,307		33,590	36.9	6,181	6.89
2012	58,289		1,903,019		32,648	36.9	6,225	7.88

(1) Source: State of Connecticut Department of Health

(2) Source: City-Data.com

(3) Source: Official Statement Town of Manchester(4) Source: Connecticut Department of Labor

Note: This information is based upon the calendar year, and reflects information as of December 31.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS 2023 AND 2014 (UNAUDITED)

			2023					2014	
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment	Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment
Town of Manchester	Local Gov/Board of Education	1,918	1	6.10 %	Town of Manchester	Local Gov/Board of Education	1,669	1	5.67 %
Prospect ECHN	Hospital	1,500	2	4.77	Manchester Memorial Hospital	Hospital	1,500	2	5.10
Manchester Community College	Higher Education	960	3	3.05	J.C. Penney Company	Warehouse/Distribution	750	3	2.55
Ahold Delhaize USA	Distribution Center	550	4	1.75	Manchester Community College	Higher Education	725	4	2.47
Amazon	Distribution Center	500	5	1.59	GE Aviantioni	Parts Manufacturer	400	5	1.36
Allied Printing	Commercial Printing	362	6	1.15	Target	Retail	400	6	1.36
Flex Ltd	Industrial	355	7	1.13	Super Stop and Shop	Supermarket	381	7	1.30
Paradigm	Industrial	350	8	1.11	J.C. Penney Company	Retail	350	8	1.19
Macy's Department Store	Retail	300	9	0.95	Allied Printing	Commercial Printing	330	9	1.12
Wal-Mart	Retail	300	10	0.95	Big Y World Class Market	Supermarket	300	10	1.02
Total		7,095		22.56 %			6,805		23.14 %

Source: Town of Manchester Planning Department and Official Statements

Percentage based on total employed population of 31,454 per the Connecticut Department of Labor - Labor Market Information 2023.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Full-Time-Equivalent Employees as of June 30,

	Full-Time-⊑quivalent Employees as of June 30,									
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General Government	85	82	85	82	81	80	84	83	81	81
Police	153	153	162	154	140	140	139	153	153	153
Fire	86	85	87	85	85	82	82	82	82	82
Sanitation	13	13	14	12	12	12	9	12	12	12
Other Public Works	144	140	133	144	145	145	142	145	145	145
Recreation	16	16	17	16	8	8	9	13	13	13
Library	25	25	28	25	25	25	22	25	25	25
Education	1,398	1,383	1,304	1,289	1,330	1,181	1,183	1,155	1,155	1,155
Total	1,918	1,897	1,828	1,806	1,826	1,673	1,670	1,667	1,666	1,666

Source: Adopted Budget Books for General Government Preliminary Official Statements for Education

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Function/Program	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General Government: Building Permits Issued Building Inspections Conducted	3,696	3,587	3,673	3,279	3,372	3,304	3,325	3,713	2,958	3,528
	6,354	6,256	5,131	5,565	6,227	6,218	7,397	6,395	6,184	5,984
Police: Physical Arrests Parking Violations Traffic Violations	2,842	2,375	1,331	2,138	3,303	3,372	3,541	3,943	2,654	3,510
	453	1,355	755	1,324	3,411	1,968	2,414	2,194	1,965	1,550
	3,071	4,000	2,509	6,154	7,229	8,324	10,534	6,117	4,489	4,316
Fire: Emergency Responses Structure Fires (Fires Extinguished) Inspections	9,968	8,863	7,642	8,165	9,073	9,276	8,834	8,457	7,822	7,573
	38	72	33	26	27	34	39	22	36	30
	928	1,188	889	752	648	810	2,230	2,958	1,986	2,064
Refuse Collection: Refuse Collected (Tons Per Day) Recyclables Collected (Tons Per Day)	41.02	43.09	56.58	67.86	46.86	51.49	51.17	50.83	49.88	50.00
	9.50	10.15	16.34	15.41	15.75	15.49	16.62	17.38	17.46	17.50
Other Public Works: Street Resurfacing (Miles) Potholes Repaired (Man Hours)	15 2,290	6 2,360	17 3,132	15.1 3,096	16 3,240	11 3,744	19 3,240	13.53 2,968	0.54	7.52 3,990
Parks And Recreation: Athletic Field Permits Issued (Unavailable) Community Center Admissions (Thousands)	108	89	74	42	55	53	50	50	43	-
	90.3	94.7	46.7	90.3	118	123.5	129	130	104	108
Library: Volumes In Collection (Thousands) Total Volumes Borrowed (Thousands)	230.7 631.0	228.2 601.1	225.5 623.8	216.8 629.0	221.7 729.3	227.9 656.4	234.9 690.6	238.2 720.0	237.3 756.7	243.7 759.3
Water: New Connections Water Main Breaks Average Daily Production (Thousands of Gallons) Peak Daily Production (Thousands of Gallons)	27	31	29	29	34	23	29	13	6	22
	18	34	45	48	20	20	17	8	20	25
	5,024	4,494	5,147	4,766	4,597	4,526	4,703	4,849	5,088	4,832
	6,920	6,810	7,480	7,670	6,580	6,640	6,860	7,730	7,150	6,600
Sewer Enterprises: Average Daily Sewage Treatment (Thousands of Gallons)	4,400	4,877	5,920	4,540	6,544	4,200	4,750	4,991	5,947	6,211

Source: Internal Department Tracking Reports

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Function/Program	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Zone Offices	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Patrol Units	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Fire Stations	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Other Public Works:										
Streets (Miles)	220.3	219.2	219.2	219.2	218.6	218.6	218.1	218.1	218.1	218.1
Streetlights	5,081	4,982	4,982	4,982	4,903	4,896	4,913	4,851	4,846	4,846
Traffic Signals	52	52	52	52	52	52	53	53	53	53
Parks and Recreation:										
Acreage	687	687	687	687	687	687	685	685	677	677
Playgrounds	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	25	23	23
Baseball/Softball Diamonds	22	22	22	22	22	23	23	23	23	23
Soccer/Football Fields	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Water:										
Water Mains (Miles)	260	260	260	260	259	259	259	259	259	258
Fire Hydrants	2,101	2,088	2,063	2,063	2,063	2,057	2,053	2,039	2,039	2,037
Storage Capacity (Thousands of Gallons)	7,179	7,179	7,179	7,179	7,179	7,179	7,179	7,179	7,179	7,179
Wastewater:										
Sanitary Sewers (Miles)	203	170	168	168	167	167	167	167	167	167
Storm Sewers (Miles)	150	149	146	146	146	146	144	144	144	143
Treatment Capacity (Thousands of Gallons)	8,250	7,179	7,179	8,200	8,200	8,200	8,200	8,200	8,200	8,200

Sources:

Police Department, Public Works Water and Sewer Department